The Sydney Morning Herald.

"IN MODERATION PLACING ALL MY GLORY, WHILE TORIES CALL ME WHIG—AND WHIGS A TORY."

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Sydney, Fifteen Shillings per Quarter. Single Numbers, Sixpence. Country, Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence per Quarter. Ten per cent. discount for payment in advance, and ten per cent. added if accounts are allowed to run over six months.

VOL. XIX. WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 1845. No 2490

CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS
For one inch and under, Three Shillings, and One Shilling for every additional inch, for each insertion.

The only persons authorised to receive Moneys and Communications on account of the "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" *(except at the Office of Publication, Lower George-street, Sydney) are* MR. WM. BALL *and* MR. ALFRED FAIRFAX, *Collectors, Sydney;* MR. WM. TRESS, *Bathurst;* MR. LABAN WHITE, *Windsor;* MR. HUGH TAYLOR, *Parramatta;* MR. A. W. LARYMORE, *Maitland and Wollombi;* MR. JOHN BROWN, *Campbelltown;* MR. JOHN COLEMAN, *Penrith;* MR. THOMAS W. PALMER, Deputy Postmaster, *Wollongong;* MR. ROBERT CRAIG, Cabinetmaker, *Goulburn;* MR. JOHN M'KINLAY, Postmaster, *Cassilis and Merton;* MR. STEPHEN NUTTER, *Queanbeyan;* MR THOMAS HOPE, Deputy Postmaster, *Singleton and Jerry's Plains;* MR. WILLIAM PRITCHARD, Deputy Postmaster, *Liverpool;* MR. MICHAEL DOYLE, *Berrima;* MR. ROBERT DAVIDSON, *for the District of Yass;* MR. THOMAS DOWSE, *Moreton Bay;* MR. JOHN HOULDING, Postmaster, *Raymond Terrace;* MR. PIERCE HEGARTY, *Muswellbrook;* MR. HORATIO TOZER, *Port Macquarie;* MR HENRY ALDERSON, *Clarence River; Port Phillip;* CAPTAIN THOM, *Launceston and Van Diemen's Land;* MR. WILLIAM BARNARD RHODES, *Wellington, for Port Nicholson and Cook's Straits, New Zealand who are provided with Printed Receipts, with the written signatures of* "KEMP AND FAIRFAX," *who hereby give Notice that no other will be acknowledged for debts accruing from January 1841.*

The "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" *is Published every Morning (Sundays excepted); and the Quarters end the 31st March, 30th June, 30th September, and 31st December; at which periods* ONLY *can Subscribers decline by giving Notice and paying the amount due to the end of the Current Quarter.* ADVERTISEMENTS *must specify on the face of them the number of times they are intended to be inserted, or they will be continued till countermanded, and charged to the party. No Advertisements can be withdrawn after Eleven o'clock, a. m., but new ones will be received until Nine o'clock in the Evening. No verbal communications can be attended to, and all letters must be post-paid or they will not be taken in.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE Subscribers to this Paper, and the Public generally, are respectfully informed, that the following Rules are strictly adhered to;—

In Sydney.— No new Subscribers will be received without *one quarter* being paid in advance, for which ten per cent. will be allowed; the subscription in advance being 13s.6d, per quarter.

In the Country.—No new Subscribers will be received without *half-a-year* being paid in advance, for which ten per cent. will be allowed; the subscription in advance being £1 11s. 6d. per half-year; and the Proprietors must be furnished at the time with a written undertaking that all future payments, both for subscription and charges of advertisements, shall be made in Sydney, or by the hands of an Agent.

In all cases, whether in Town or Country, the names of persons will be struck off the subscription list, when the arrears against them have stood over twelve months, and proceedings for recovering the amount due will be instituted.

Advertisements must be paid for previous to their insertion.

In all cases of Insolvency, when the party is a Subscriber to this Journal, the name is at once erased from the Subscriber's Book; and if he wish to take the paper in future he must comply with the rule affecting new Subscribers, and pay in advance.

STEAMER TO WOLLONGONG.

THE *WILLIAM IV.* steamer, having been unavoidably detained, will leave for Wollongong THIS EVENING.
Kellick's Wharf, May 7. 6728

STEAMER TO CLARENCE RIVER.

THE *WILLIAM IV*, will leave for the above district, TO-MORROW, (Thursday), the 8th instant, at seven o'clock in the evening.
Kellick's Wharf, May 7. 6755

STEAM TO MORETON BAY.

THE *SOVEREIGN*, steamer, Henry Cape, Commander, will leave Sydney for Brisbane on Thursday evening, the 8th instant, at 5 o'clock precisely.
FRANCIS CLARKE, Manager.
Hunter River Steam Navigation Company, Sydney, 6th May. 6711

FOR CLARENCE RIVER.

THE first-class schooner *HARLEQUIN*, THIS EVENING, at the lowest rates of freight.
Sydney, May 7. 6727

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE Packet Schooner *Martha and Elizabeth*, Captain Pockley, hourly expected, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
6427 Packet Office, 468, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE PACKET SCHOONER *WAVE*, Captain T. Birkinshaw, hourly expected, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
6666 Packet Office, 468, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE,

THE PACKET BRIG *CHRISTINA*, Captain Saunders, daily expected from the above port, will sail again one week after arrival. For freight or passage apply at the office of
A. B. SMITH AND CO.,
6668 Sussex-street.

FOR LAUNCESTON DIRECT.

THE fine fast-sailing brig *UNION*, A. Grainger, commander, having been unavoidably delayed by the late rains, will positively sail on Wednesday, the 7th instant. For freight or passage apply on board; or to
GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO.,
6468 Bent-street.

FOR LAUNCESTON,

WITH IMMEDIATE DESPATCH,

THE PACKET BRIG *WILLIAM*. For freight or passage apply on board, to
JOHN THOM.
Flour Company's Wharf.
May 6. 6721

FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT,

THE fine SCHOONER *LADY LEIGH*, Capt. Reid. Apply on board; or to
J. B. METCALFE,
Macquarie-place.
May 6. 6716

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

TO SAIL ON SATURDAY, THE 10TH INSTANT,

THE fine fast-sailing ship *SULTANA*, 374 tons register, R. Langford, commander.
CAMPBELL AND CO.
Campbell's Wharf, May 7. 6737

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

THE British-built first-class Barque *PENYARD PARK*, 377 tons, James Weller, commander. This vessel will meet with quick despatch, a considerable portion of her outward cargo being engaged and ready for shipment; she has excellent cabin accommodations, and roomy 'tween decks for steerage passengers. For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board; or, to
6596 FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE A I SHIP *MEG MERRILES*, Captain Thomson, will have quick despatch. For freight or passage, apply to Captain Thomson.
CAMPBELL AND CO., or SMITH AND CAMPBELL.
Campbell's Wharf. 6673

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE first-class barque *SARAH SCOTT*, Captain A. Butcher, will be despatched on or before the 11th instant; is still open for 150 bales wool on freight. Apply to
SMITH AND CAMPBELL.
Has good accommodation for steerage passengers.

FOR LONDON,

FOR STEERAGE PASSENGERS,

THE British-built BARQUE *MARY*, Captain Newby, has room for a few bales wool and passengers, *cabin or steerage.* Apply to
A. FOTHERINGHAM, or to J. B. METCALFE.
May 7. 6717

FOR LONDON.

FOR STEERAGE PASSENGERS.

THE AI. fast sailing SHIP *PARKFIELD*, 500 tons, register, J. T. Whiteside, commander. This vessel has now a great portion of her cargo on board and will sail early in June. Her accommodations for cabin and steerage passengers are very superior. Apply on board; or to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
Lower George-street.
May 3. 6628

FOR LIVERPOOL.

FOR LIGHT FREIGHT ONLY.

THE FINE BARQUE *ELIZA*, A 1, 244 tons, John Valrent, Commander. Apply on board, to John Rostron; or to
J. B. METCALFE.
April 14. 5592

WHALE BOAT FOR SALE.

A FIRST-RATE six-oared Whale-boat, nearly new, and built by amateurs expressly for their own use; she is copper-fastened, and perfectly sound, with superior ash oars, sails, &c., complete, and is considered a very superior model; to parties requiring a serviceable and safe boat, will find this a bargain, as she will be sold REALLY CHEAP. Further particulars on enquiry at this Office. 7749

Commissariat Office,
Sydney, 6th May, 1845.

SEALED TENDERS, in duplicate, will be received at this Office until Saturday, the 10th instant, at noon, for the supply of the undermentioned provisions, viz.:—

Salt Beef, 14,790 pounds
Salt Pork, 14,790 pounds

The Tender must distinctly state if the meat be Irish or Colonial, and when the same will be ready for delivery.
T. W. RAMSAY,
6714 Dep. Com. Gen.

Commissariat Office,
Sydney, 3rd May, 1845.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that Tenders, in duplicate, will be received at this Office, until Wednesday, the 7th instant, at noon, for the Conveyance to New Zealand of a Detachment of about 150 men, with a proportionate number of Officers, Government Stores, &c.

The conditions of agreement, and other particulars, may be learned on application at this Office.
T. W. RAMSAY,
6593 Dep. Com. Gen.

TENDERS FOR THE BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

THE undermentioned articles being required for the Benevolent Society, persons willing to supply the same are requested to forward tenders, with samples, addressed to the Secretary, at the Asylum, on or before Monday, the 12th instant, viz.:—

Shirts, check, 24 dozen, at per dozen
Cloth, coarse, 200 yards, at per yard
Flannel, 200 yards, at per yard
Check, 100 yards, at per yard
Blue print, 100 yards, at per yard
Blue stuff for petticoats, 200 yards, at per yard
Calico, 600 yards, at per yard
Stockings, men's worsted, 4 dozen pairs, at per pair
Osnaburgh, 500 yards, at per yard
Blankets, 9 quarters, 100 pairs, at per pair
Cotton rugs, 200, each
Coloured counterpanes, 200, each

GEORGE ALLEN,
Secretary.
Sydney, May 6. 6738

AUSTRALIAN AUCTION COMPANY.

TAKE NOTICE, that an adjourned Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at their office, No. 397, Pitt-street, on Thursday, the 8th day of May, at three o'clock precisely, in accordance with a resolution passed at the adjourned special general meeting of 1st May, 1845.
EDWARD KNOX,
Manager.
May 1. 6482

SYDNEY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE half-yearly Meeting of the Members of the above Company has been adjourned to Friday, the 16th May, at three o'clock P.M.
By order of the Board,
GEORGE KING,
Secretary.
May 6. 6742

SYDNEY CHORAL SOCIETY.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in accordance with Rule VII., a Special General Meeting of the Members is appointed to be held in the Infant School Room, Castlereagh-street, on Wednesday (this day), May 7, at 6 o'clock, to take into consideration the purchase of an organ for the Society.
H. J. HATCH,
6458 Secretary.

SCHOOL OF INDUSTRY.

THE ANNUAL SALE of FANCY WORK, for the benefit of the above Institution, will take place on Tuesday, the 27th instant, at the School-house, Macquarie-street. Any person who will kindly aid by their Fancy Work, are requested to send their contributions on or before the Wednesday prior to the day of sale, addressed to the Committee.
School-house, Macquarie-street,
May 3. 6715

TENDERS.

THE undermentioned articles being required for the use of the "Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary," parties willing to supply them are requested to transmit sealed Tenders, (for the whole or any part thereof,) addressed to the Chairman of the House Committee, marked "Tender of supplies for the Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary," on or before Saturday next, the 10th May, at twelve o'clock.

The Tenders must be accompanied with samples of articles tendered, which are required to be as near as possible to samples which may be seen at the Infirmary; and any further information obtained by application to the Secretary or Treasurer.

All Tenders are required to state at what time the articles could be delivered.

Palliass cases only	80	sizes as patterns; quality as near samples as can be procured.
Sheets	250	
Bolster cases	90	
Pillow cases	150	
Blankets	80	
Rugs	60	
Flannel vests	12	
Cotton shirts	150	
Hospital dresses for convalescent patients, (suits)	24	Parramatta cloth, or any other suitable material.
Cotton night-caps	125	
Women's clothing—		
Chemise		At per dozen
Caps		Ditto ditto
Night-gowns		Ditto ditto
Petticoats		Ditto ditto
Hand towels	18	
Roller towels	18	
Watchman's coats	4	
Fenders and fire-irons	8	sets each
Passage lamps	2	
Tin card cases for patient's names	60	
Iron saucepans, of sizes	6	
Iron kettles	4	
Iron fryingpans	2	
Butcher's cleaver	1	
Butcher's knives	2	
Butcher's steel	1	
Meat fork	1	
Steelyards	1	
Soup-ladle	1	
Dinner knives	48	
Dinner forks	48	
Iron table spoons	60	
Tin pots, pint	90	
Tin plates	60	
Tin dishes, large	16	
Tin tea cans, 3 gallons	12	
Iron candlesticks	12	
Iron snuffers	12	
Tin chair-pans	24	
Ditto urine bottles	12	
Ditto bed-pans	12	
Ditto spitting pots	50	
Scissors	6	pairs
Tin washhand basins	60	
Tin or pewter chamber pots	18	
Tin slipper baths	2	
Iron coal scuttles	8	
Razors	6	
Scissors	1	
Small scales with weights	2	sets
Gridiron	1	
Lanterns	2	
Half gallon measures	2	
Hair brooms	6	
Combs	12	
Fine tooth combs	12	
Scrubbing brushes	8	
Shaving bowl and brush	1	
Strap	1	
Combs	2	
Hone	1	
Whitewash brushes	6	
Dinner tables	8	
Forms	6	
Night stools	24	
Provision trays (cedar)	6	
Medicine trays (cedar)	6	
Water-buckets (wood)	16	
Urine tubs	12	
Night-tub chairs	6	
Washing tubs	6	
Chopping block	1	

Sydney, May 6. 6731

IRON BEDSTEADS.

REQUIRED, for the use of the Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary, sixty (60) Hospital Bedsteads. A pattern may be seen at the Infirmary, in Macquarie-street. Parties tendering are required to state the prices, with and without the folding joint.

LIKEWISE,

Six (6) sets of IRON SPLINTS, of different sizes. Pattern can be seen at the Infirmary.

Tenders, addressed to the Chairman of the House Committee, and endorsed "Tenders for Bedsteads," or "Instruments," will be received at the Infirmary, on or before Saturday next, the 10th May, at Twelve o'clock.

Persons sending tenders are requested to be in attendance, at the Infirmary, at twelve o'clock on Monday next.
Sydney, May 6. 6730

THE SHIPPING GAZETTE AND SYDNEY GENERAL TRADE LIST.

THE Fifty-ninth Number of the *Shipping Gazette* was published on Saturday, and will be continued every Saturday afternoon.

Contents:— Arrivals and Departures of Shipping for the week; Imports and Exports for the week; Clearances; Coasters Inwards and Outwards; the Shipping Intelligence of the week, including News from the Outports, England, Port Phillip, Van Diemen's Land, New Zealand, Tahiti, Cape of Good Hope, Island of Upolu, and Manila; Ships in Harbour; Ships loading for England; Vessels expected in Sydney; Colonial Whalers at Sea; Tide Table; Table of Rates upon Vessels at the Port of Sydney; Table of Light Dues on Vessels entering the Harbours of Port Macquarie and Newcastle; Astronomical Phenomena for May; Loss of the *Actæon*; Return of Steam Vessels registered at the Port of Sydney; Port Macquarie; the Reported Harbour at Flinder's Island in Bass's Straits; Marquesas; the Packet Ships; the *Alfred*; the Banks' Returns; Expedition to the Antartic Regions; the Port Regulations; Gale at the Mauritius; a Hint to Letter Writers; Shipwreck; Floating Light in Table Bay; the City of Palaces. Commercial Remarks; Colonial Produce; Produce received Coastwise; Quantity of Spirits and Tobacco in Bond; Price Current.

TERMS:	£	s.	d.
One copy, per quarter	0	7	6
Two copies, ditto	0	12	0
Three copies, ditto	0	16	6
Four copies, ditto	1	1	0
Six copies, per annum	5	0	0

KEMP AND FAIRFAX,
Proprietors.

*** Advertisements received for the above till ten o'clock on the mornings of publication. Terms same as for the *Morning Herald.*

NOTICE.

IF MR. JAMES LAKEMAN is in Sydney, and will call on board the *Castlereagh*, at Moore's Wharf, he will meet his brother. 6764

CLARENCE RIVER.

TO THE SETTLERS OF NEW ENGLAND, AND CLARENCE RIVER.

THOMAS HEWITT, Storekeeper, respectfully informs his friends and settlers of the above districts, that he is now in a position to contract for the carriage of their supplies from the Clarence River to their stations, and of their wool, to his stores for shipment on most favourable terms. No storage charged on goods received from Sydney, addressed to his care; a wharfage of 6d. per package only is chargeable. Wool, and country produce stored and shipped free of all expense. 5923

JUST PUBLISHED,

Royal 8vo., p. p. 96, Price 2s. 6d.

A REPORT of the Trial "The Bank of Australasia *v.* Thomas Chaplin Breillat, Chairman of the Bank of Australia.

To be had at the *Sydney Morning Herald* Office, and sold also by Messrs. Colman, Moffitt, and Ford, Booksellers. 6156

REDUCED PRICES OF

CHEAP Miniature Editions of Standard English Classics, Poetry, Novels, and Tales.

	s.	d.
Beattie's Minstrel	1	6
Burns' Poetical Works, with life by Cunningham	2	0
Butler's Hudibras, 2 vols., illustrated	3	6
Byron's Don Juan	1	6
—— Select Works, consisting of Cain, Hours of Idleness, &c.	1	6
Campbell's Pleasures of Hope, cloth	2	0
Cecil's Poetic Keepsake	1	3
Coleridge's Poems	1	9
Crabbe and Coleridge's Poetical Works	2	0
Hogg's (James) Poetical Works	1	6
Lewis' (Monk) Tales of Wonder	1	6
Milton's Poetical Works, 2 vols	4	6
Moore's (Thomas) Lalla Rookh	1	6
Pope's Poetical Works, with life	2	6
Scott's Lady of the Lake	2	0
—— Lay of the last Minstrel	1	9
—— Marmion, a Tale of Flodden Field	1	6
Thomson's Poetical Works	3	6
White's (Kirke) Poetical Works	1	9
Young's Night Thoughts, 2 vols	3	6
Bacon's Essays, Moral, Economical, and Poetical	1	6
Bonaparte (Napoleon), Anecdotes of	3	6
Burke's (Edmund) Reflections on the Revolution in France	1	6
Chapone's, Mrs., Letters on the Improvement of the Mind	1	9
Defoe's Robinson Crusoe	3	0
De Kock's (Paul) Barber of Paris	3	0
Dodd's Beauties of Shakspere	2	0
Goldsmith's Vicar of Wakefield	3	0
—— Citizen of the World, 2 vols in one	3	0
Hamilton's Cottagers of Glenburnie	1	6
Hervey's Meditations and Contemplations	2	6
Inchbald's Simple Story	2	6
Johnson's (Dr.) History of Rasselas	1	3
Junius, Letters of	2	6
Laconico	1	9
Lamb's (Charles) Tales from Shakspere	2	0
Le Sage's Devil upon Two Sticks	1	9
Mason on Self Knowledge	1	9
Munchausen (Baron) Travels and Adventures of	1	9
Paul and Virginia, and Elizabeth, or the Exiles of Siberia	1	9
Quarll (Philip) Life and Adventures of	1	9
Roscoe's (William) Life of Leo the Tenth	3	0
Rochefoucault's Maxims and Aphorisms	1	6
Sterne's (Reverend L.) Letters	1	9
Swift's Tale of a Tub	2	0
—— Gulliver's Travels	2	0
Toastmaster, The	1	3
Walpole's (Horace) Castle of Otranto, and Old English Baron	2	0

*** All the above Works are handsomely done up in cloth, gilt edges, and warranted perfect.
W. A. COLMAN,
late Tegg,
Bookseller and Stationer.
485, George-street, directly opposite the Barrack Gate. 6719

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

J. LOVECROFT, Tailor and Draper, begs to inform his customers, that he intends to discontinue his business at the expiration of the present quarter, he therefore invites the inspection of the trade to his extensive and well assorted stock of goods, consisting of black, blue, rifle green, olive, and brown superfine cloths, black, Oxford mixture, and fancy kerseymeres; also a large assortment of fancy doeskins, and winter waistcoatings; also, tailors trimmings in great variety: the whole of which are of superior quality, and will be sold considerably below prime cost.

J. L. also begs to inform his customers and the public, that he will continue to execute orders to the end of June next, at the following reduced prices:—

	£	s.	d.
Superfine Black, Blue and Rifle Green Frock Coats	3	10	0
Ditto ditto Dress ditto	3	0	0
Ditto Olive and Brown Frock ditto	2	15	0
Ditto ditto Dress ditto	2	10	0
Ditto Black and Oxford Mixture Kerseymere Trousers	1	12	6
Ditto Doeskin ditto	1	5	0
Ditto Black Kerseymere Waistcoats	0	16	0
Ditto Fancy ditto	0	12	0

Terms—Cash.
April 26. 6300

TO THE LADIES.

ELEGANT AND FASHIONABLE MILLINERY FROM THE CELEBRATED HOUSE OF MESDAMES ROBERTS AND CO., REGENT-STREET, LONDON.

MRS. WOOLCOTT begs to announce to her friends and the public generally, that she has just received, direct from the above named modistes—

A small and choice assortment of most elegant and fashionable millinery, consisting of—

Velvet bonnets, latest styles
Dress caps and head dresses, a small but beautiful variety
French flowers and ribbons
Bonnet plumes, &c., &c.

To which she invites immediate inspection, as the above have been forwarded merely as patterns of the prevalent London fashions. 6680

FOR SALE,

BYASS'S Porter and Ale, in 4 dozen casks
Dunbar's Ale, in 6 dozen casks
Pale Sherry, in octaves, hogsheads, and butts
Brown Sherry, in hogsheads
Pale and Brown Sherry, in bottle
Port Wine, in bottle
Champagne and Claret
Brandy, in hogsheads and pipes
Brandy, in cases, 1 dozen each.
LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.,
6725 George-street.

FRESH BARRATT'S TWIST, IN WHOLE, HALF, AND QUARTER TIERCES, AND KEGS, Ex "*Royal Consort.*"

SUPERIOR MANILA CIGARS,

Ex *Velocity, Autumnus, Elizabeth, Osprey, Britomart, Margaret, Munford, &c., &c.*
W. H. ALDIS,
6101 TOBACCO MERCHANT.

KANGAROO SKINS.

ON SALE by the undersigned,— Superior Kangaroo Skins.

ALSO,

Wanted to purchase, LARGE HIDES, for which the *highest cash price* will be given.
THOMAS HOPKINS.
Apply at 78, King-street. 6712

TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS.

THE Undersigned having upwards of FIVE HUNDRED boxes of Crown Glass, which will be sold at the following low prices, by the dozen, counted out sound:—

10 x 8— 2s. 6d. per dozen
10 x 12— 6s. "
14 x 10— 6s. "
14 x 12— 8s. "
16 x 12—10s. "
16 x 14—12s. "
18 x 12—12s. "
18 x 14—14s. "
20 x 14—16s. "
20 x 16—20s. "
22 x 16—24s. "
22 x 18—30s. "
24 x 18—36s. "
24 x 20—42s. "

All warranted to be the best of Crown Glass.
J. JACOBS,
6722 514, City Warehouse.

TAYLOR'S AND ELLIOTT'S STOUT.

A SMALL PARCEL, in very prime condition, is in the hands of the undersigned, for sale in lots to suit purchasers.
THOMAS S. MORT,
Auctioneer and Broker.
George-street. 6760

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE OF TEA.

HYSONSKIN, warranted in sound chests, matted and caned, weighing 54 to 56 lbs.

"TEA, AT THIRTY SHILLINGS,"

Being at the rate of sixpence halfpenny per pound, on sale by
A. POLACK.
No. 8, Bridge-street.
May 3. 6583

SALT BUTTER AND COLONIAL CHEESE.

ON SALE, one ton of good Salt Butter, and about three tons of good Colonial Cheese, fit for exportation.
HENRY FERRIS,
103, York-street,
Near the Barrack Gate.
May 6. 6752

LAUNCESTON SEED AND FEEDING OATS.

JUST ARRIVED, EX *WILLIAM*,

A SUPERIOR lot of excellent seed and feeding oats, fit for race horses. Also, lucerne seed, rape, clover, sainfoin, flax seed, and English tares, 30s. per original package of five bushels.
HENRY FERRIS,
103, York-street,
Near the Barrack Gate.
May 6. 6751

ST. UBES SALT

FOR SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned, ex *Palestine*, direct from St. Ubes.
WILLIAM C. BOTTS.
Wharf, Darling Harbour. 6618

ON SALE,

AT THE STORES OF THE UNDERSIGNED—

One of Thurston's full-sized Billiard Tables, with all the latest improvements
One of Thurston's full-sized round Billiard Tables
Splendid three, four, five, six motion Beer Engines
Splendid eight and ten cock Spirit Fountains
Spirit, Beer, and Ale Measures
Lime Juice in any quantity.

ALSO,

Two hundred Memel Deals, in half-inch cuts, for packing cases or linings
Force Pumps and Lead Pipe.
6723 A. & S. LYONS.

FOR SALE,

SUGAR, East India Muscovado
Hyson-skin tea
Currants
Soda
Corrosive sublimate, in 7lb. and 14lb. jars
Sal ammoniac
Roll sulphur
Flour sulphur
Shoemakers' thread
Canvas, bleached and unbleached
English cordage and twine
Two-bushel bags
Plain bagging, 28 inch
Twilled ditto, 27 inch
Bleached duck, 27 inch
White lead
Painters' colours, assorted
Boiled and raw linseed oil
Turpentine
Quills, sealing wax, wafers, &c., in small packages
Fowling pieces, double and single barrel
Muskets with bayonets
Saucepans, oval and round pots
Tea kettles, glue pots, &c.
Sheet iron
Sheet lead, 4, 5, and 6 lbs.

Apply to
LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.
George-street. 6726

ON SALE, ex *Eliza, Anne Carr, Caledonia*, and other late arrivals, at the Stores of the undersigned—

An extensive and general assortment of Manchester Goods.

ALSO,

Woolpacks
Candlewicks
Refined Saltpetre
Liverpool, St. Ube's, and rock salt.
JOHN ROSTRON,
Factor and Agent.
Manchester Warehouse, No. 2, Spring-street.
April 17. 5852

FOR SALE at the Cooperage of the undersigned—

100 Oak beef tierces
10 Tons of hoop iron, from 1½ inch to 2 inch
3000 American oak staves, pipe and barrel.
JOHN WILLIAMS,
Lower George-street,
6732 Opposite the site of the Old Gaol.

IF YOU WISH TO TASTE A PURE GLASS OF SHERRY, OR A GENUINE GLASS OF PORT, CALL ON THE UNDERSIGNED.

THE *Arachne* Sherry, 16s. per single dozen case

A Real Port Wine, rich and fruity, very much recommended by the medical profession. 20s. per doz.

NOTICE TO COUNTRY BUYERS.
Should the Wines not be equal to the above description, the money *with all expenses* will be returned.
W. G. MOORE,
Auctioneer, Commission Agent and Broker.
Mart, Pitt-street. 6765

A DOUBLE PURCHASE WINCH.

FOR SALE, a Double Purchase Winch, quite new. Apply to Mr. Smeathman, at Dr. Bland's, Pitt-street. 6470

SUPERIOR GIG FOR SALE.

A HOODED GIG, enamelled leather, with Collinge's patent axle, and in first-rate order, for sale. Apply to
JAMES ALLAN,
6469 Coach-builder, Druitt-street.

1500 SHEEP FOR PRIVATE SALE.

MR. MORT has received instructions to dispose of by private sale, the following lot of sheep, viz.:—

550 Maiden ewes
400 Ewes, 3 to 5 years old } in lamb, to lamb
100 Ditto, full mouthed } in September.
430 Wethers, 18 months to 2½ years old
20 Rams

1500 more or less.

The above sheep are of very excellent description, and warranted all *perfectly sound* in every respect. They will be delivered at any place within fifty miles of Yass. 6761

600 HEAD CATTLE.

TO BE SOLD by private contract, a mixed herd of superior bred quiet cattle running in the New England District. Apply to
SAMUEL LYONS,
George-street and Charlotte-place. 5809

FOR SALE, a mixed herd of Cattle, of a quiet and superior breed, now running upon a Farm upon the coast, towards the southward, and consisting of 150 head of males, and 150 head of females—say 50 cows of ages, 50 heifers from two to three years old, 50 heifers from twelve to fifteen months old, 50 bullocks four years old and upwards, 50 steers and bullocks of about three years old, and 50 steers of from twelve to eighteen months old; Also, 2 good bulls. For further particulars apply to
ALLAN M'GAA.
Queen-street, May 2. 6487

CATTLE STATION FOR SALE.

A STATION capable of maintaining 1000 head of cattle, situated in the Murrumbidgee district, with cultivation paddocks, stock and milking yards, comfortable hut for overseer, dairy, stable, and servants' huts; cattle at a fair valuation will be taken in exchange, (if preferred). For further particulars, apply to Mr. John Gray, Lake George, Goulburn, if by letter post-paid.
April 28. 6376

TO MERCHANTS, GROCERS, STOREKEEPERS, WHOLESALE DRAPERS, &c.

TO BE SOLD, OR LET ON LEASE, the CITY MART, George-street.

Those excellent premises, suitable for any trade; as also a comfortable dwelling-house, stables, large yard, good supply of water, &c.

THE BUSINESS PREMISES—

The Front Store is capable of containing 200 tons of goods, with sufficient room to carry on any business
The Lower Store will contain 300 tons, perfectly dry in all weathers
The Store in the yard, a brick building, will contain 200 tons
Making, in all, storage for 700 tons of goods in perfect safety, with one of the best situations in Sydney for carrying on business.

I. S. would recommend these premises to the merchants of Sydney, as, from the principle on which business is carried on at the present time, it is necessary to have a good situation to ensure a first-rate trade.

Application to be made to
ISAAC SIMMONS,
on the premises.

The STOCK will be SOLD OFF at reduced prices; and the remains disposed of by public auction at an early date. 6541

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

THE FARM OF BALLENDO, or DANTON, situated upon the Dartbrook, Upper Hunter, consisting of 2,560 acres, and back run. There is a house of nine rooms and detached kitchen, with four double-shingled huts and barn; also, grazing paddock nearly three miles round, and three cultivation paddocks, containing about 70 acres, cleared and stumped.

The garden and vineyard comprises about six acres.

For further particulars apply to
6629 GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.

CASH.

ADVANCES made on Bank Shares, Bills of Lading, or other approved securities. Principals only treated with. Address P. O., post paid, *Herald* Office. 6675

TO GENTLEMEN LEAVING FOR ENGLAND, OR PARTIES LEAVING FOR THE INTERIOR.

MR. JOHN KELLY is ready at any time to purchase for CASH, Household Furniture of all descriptions, or any articles connected with the trade of a broker, for which the best cash prices will be given.

A note addressed to Mr. John Kelly, opposite the Royal Hotel, George-street, No. 403,—parties attended at their own residences. 6378

BOOKS GIVEN FOR SECOND-HAND CLOTHING.

TWO THOUSAND Volumes of Standard Works on Theology and Botany, Scott's and a great variety of other Novels, Travels, and Medical Books, Works in Greek, French, Spanish, &c., &c. The greatest price given, or Books given in exchange, for clothes of every description, linen, jewellery, writing desks, furniture, and every description of miscellaneous property. Apply to
R. M. LINDSAY,
Vine Cottage, Kent-street,
North of Erskine-street.

N.B.—A note addressed as above, parties attended at their own residence. 6709

NOTICE.

MOORE AND COMPANY are cash purchasers of Libraries, Works of the Fine Arts, and articles of Virtu, or they will make cash advances upon the same, when left for auction or private sale.
518, George-street,
6601 Opposite the Treasury.

WOOL.

THE undersigned are Cash buyers of Wool.
SWAIN, WEBBS, AND CO.,
184 Harrington-street Church-hill;

THE Undersigned are purchasers of Wool, Oil, and Tallow, or will make advances on Consignments to their Correspondents in London, Messrs. Cruikshank, Melville, and Co.
5327 R. RAMSAY, SEN., AND CO.

THE undersigned are purchasers of Wool and Tallow, or will make advances on same.
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
May 3. Lower George-street.
6627

THE undersigned affords liberal advances, as usual, on Wool and other produce, consigned to him for sale by his correspondents, Messrs. Ellice, Kinnear, and Co., in London.
WILLIAM C. BOTTS,
Wharf, Darling Harbour.
November 22. 6969

TO MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.

ANY Gentleman with a capital of from £300 to £500 to lend by way of loan, may have a commission of from £200 to £300 per annum, and security if required. Apply to No. 300, *Herald* Office.
May 7. 6756

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF JOHN HAMILTON, OF PARRAMATTA.

A DIVIDEND of One Shilling in the Pound is now payable in this Estate, at my Offices, 468, George-street. Promissory notes must be produced.
HUTCHINSON BELL,
Official Assignee.
May 5. 6587

I, JAMES ELLIOTT, formerly of East-street, Red Lion Square, in the County of Middlesex, in England, and late of No. 10, Buckingham-street, Strand, in the said County, Gentleman, and now residing at Harbour View Cottage, Balmain, near Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, an Attorney of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, at Westminster, intend to apply to the Supreme Court of New South Wales, on the last day of this present term, being the second term of the year 1845, to be admitted an Attorney, Solicitor, and Proctor, of the said Supreme Court, dated the first day of May, 1845.
6739 JAMES ELLIOTT.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned hereby give notice, that Mr. T. J. Oliver is not authorised to draw orders upon them; and if parties take orders so given, it is at their own risk.
KEMP AND FAIRFAX.
Sydney Morning Herald Office,
May 6. 6713

CAUTION.

MICHAEL HEARNE, a shepherd in the service of H. O'Brien, Esq., holding a certificate of freedom, of low stature, slightly made, small dull eyes, thin faced, and about forty years of age, stands charged, at the Yass Bench, with breach of agreement, and having obtained clothing on false pretences. On leaving his station, from which he absconded on the 29th ultimo, he had on a new shepherd's greatcoat, blue colour, and a regatta shirt. His watch-dog resembled a spaniel; the animal is black, spotted with white, a long pointed tail, and large bull-dog-like head.

Any person giving such information as will lead to the apprehension of the individual described above, shall receive a reward of Two Pounds, on application to the undersigned, at the residence of Mr. H. O'Brien, Douro, Yass; and all persons are hereby cautioned against employing or harbouring the said M. Hearne.
JAMES JONES.
Yass, May 3. 6740

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—My Wife, Ellen Sutland, having absconded from her home without any just cause or provocation, I hereby caution the public that I will not be answerable for any debts she may contract.

his
FRANCIS ⋈ SUTLAND.
mark

Kent-street, Sydney, 6th May, 1845.
6753

THIRTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

LOST, from Killarney, King's Plains, in the beginning of January last, a dark chestnut HORSE, blaze down the face, stands about sixteen hands high, aged, and branded WF on shoulder. Any person delivering the said horse to the undersigned, at King's Plains, shall receive the above reward.
EDWARD J. C. NORTH.
Killarney, King's Plains, May 1. 6584

AN INVALID, or one or two Gentlemen, can be accommodated with comfortable BOARD and LODGING, at a beautifully situated Cottage (with stabling) about three miles from town. Apply to A.P., *Herald* Office.

TO LET, a comfortable house in the southern part of the city, containing seven rooms, &c. The gentleman at present in possession would be glad to remain as a lodger, and rent two rooms and the stable. For address apply at the *Herald* Office. 6710

HOUSE IN BRISBANE-STREET,

SOUTH HEAD ROAD, NEAR THE RACECOURSE,

TO LET,

NOW in the occupation of W. W. Drake, Esq., possession of which will be given on the 8th of the ensuing month. Apply to Mr. S. Lyons, George-street and Charlotte place.
April 16. 5743

LAND NEAR PENRITH

TO LET, on Building or Improving Leases, Four Hundred Acres of Land, in such quantities as may be agreed upon, situate within one mile of Penrith, bounded on the west by the great north and south road leading from Richmond and Windsor to Campbelltown, and on the east by the estate of Sir Maurice O'Connell. The main road from Sydney to Penrith runs through the Land: possession may be had in June next. For further particulars and to treat apply to Mr. John Single, Penrith, or to Mr. John Smith, Solicitor, O'Connell-street, Sydney. 6167

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

MAY 6.—*Kate*, schooner, 62 tons, Captain Salmon, from Auckland the 17th, and the Bay of Islands the 19th ultimo. Passengers—Mr. Simms, Mrs. Hector, son, and four daughters; Lieutenant Symonds and servant, Mrs. Barber, Mrs. Williams, son, and daughter; Mr. Gibson, Mr. Nicholson, Mr. and Mrs. Gardiner, Mr. Hare and three daughters, Mr. and Mrs. Welbank, Mr. and Mrs. Brown and two sons, Mr. Turner and daughter, Messrs. Beedham, Johnson, Gard, Smith, and Mrs. Riley.

May 6.—*Sovereign*, steamer, 119 tons, Captain Cape, from Moreton Bay, the 29th ultimo. Passengers.—Mr. Gilmore, Mr. Green, Mr. Prior, Mr. Young, Mrs. Good, Mr. Harley, Mr. Coutts, Mr. Durno, Mr. and Mrs. Oxenham, Mr. F. Mosier, Mr. F. Ross, Mr. S. Rooper, Mr. John Flinty, Mr. R. Wells, and two prisoners of the Crown.

May 6.—*William the Fourth*, steamer, 53 tons, Captain Wiseman, from the Clarence River the 1st instant. Passengers—Mr. Shannon, Mr. J. Lord, Mr. J. Abercrombie, Mr. Gains; three steerage passengers, and four prisoners of the Crown.

DEPARTURE.

May 6.—*Pocklington*, barque, Captain Harper, for the Whale Fishery.

CLEARANCES.

May 6.—*Emma*, brig, Captain Fox, for Adelaide. Passengers—Mrs. Fox, Mr. and Mrs. M. Thompson and child, Mr. and Mrs. Hannaford and child, Mrs. R. Williams and child, Miss M. White, Miss Fox, Messrs. J. Prout, J. Williams, R. Thompson, T. Schroubery, D. Bowen, J. Andross, R. Dingley, J. Burns, J. Furlong, Pulham, Master F. Andross, Mr. and Mrs. Bowen, and F. Strange.

May 6.—*Britomart*, brig, Captain Keld, for Singapore. Passengers—Mr. J. D. Almeida, and Mr. J. Baptist.

COASTERS INWARDS.

May 6.—*Thistle*, 30, Thompson, from Broulee, with 3 tons potatoes, 200 bushels wheat; *Ariel*, 72, Collins, from Newcastle, with 80 tons coals; *Rover*, 16, Shaw, from the Hawkesbury, with 350 bushels maize, 150 bushels wheat; *Brothers*, 27, Campbell, from Newcastle, with 35 tons coals; *Harlequin*, 60, Boyle, from Newcastle, with 70 tons coals; *Trial*, 12, M'Keon, from Brisbane Water, with 3000 feet timber, 32,000 shingles.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

May 6.—*Georgiana*, 25, Warden, for Wollongong, with sundries; *Ariel*, 72, Collins, for Newcastle, with sundries; *Henry*, 16, Halero, for Shoalhaven, with sundries; *Brothers*, 27, Campbell, for Newcastle, in ballast; *Orotava*, schooner, 96, Tait, for the Richmond, with sundries.

IMPORTS.

May 6.—*Kate*, schooner, Captain Salmon, from the Bay of Islands *via* Auckland: 7 casks and 1 bag copper nails, 2 casks iron nails, 6500 feet timber, Gardener and Brown; 27 tons copper ore, Beattie and Taylor; 24 cases, 8 bolts canvas, 1 cask whales' teeth, 25 kegs nails, Order; 1500 feet timber, 11 casks black oil, 7 bundles whalebone, J. Salmon.

EXPORTS.

May 6.—*Emma*, brig, Captain Fox, for Port Adelaide: 1 pipe, 15 hogsheads, and 2 quarter-casks brandy, 7 hogsheads and 1 quarter-cask British gin, 10 cases snuff, 60 cases wine, 10 cases chairs, 1 case books, 3 bales paper, 1 case colonial wine, 1 case slates, Sheppard and Alger; 1 case cigars, W. H. Aldis; 10 cases Geneva, 2 cases mustard, 1 case sweetmeats, 1 case drugs, 6 bundles leather, 1 case glassware, H. T. Fox; 6 hogsheads sherry wine, W. Perry; 8 kegs tobacco, 1 cask glassware, 1 case haberdashery, 2 bags corks, 1 package bottle baskets, Henry Dent; 6 packages rope, 1 cask hardware, 1 trunk apparel, 38 ash oars, 36 packages oranges, Griffiths, Gore, and Co.; 1 case slop clothing, 1 chest hats, J. G. Raphael; 1 case hats, J. S. Hanson; 1 tierce and 3 hogsheads sugar, Australasian Sugar Company; 1 bale senna, 1 case drugs, L. Barnett; 2 caroteels currants, J. Drew; 15 cases wine, R. Ramsay, senior and Co.; 4 cases apparel, J. Roberts; 15 boxes tea, 2 hogsheads port wine, 4 hogsheads sherry, P. Solomon; 1 case and 1 bundle hardware, 1 bundle stationery, R. Wood; 2 cases drapery, Richard Fawcett; 20 cases candles, 1 bale cloths, J. L. Montefiore; 1 case plants, W. M'Arthur; 1 cask hardware, 1 case slops, F. Strange; 14 casks fruit, T. Scawthrop; 1 bundle sticks, J. Sands; 1 ton Manila rope, 31 kegs 1 cask nails, 5 casks pitch, 5 casks tar, 5 bundles steel, 20 bundles rope, 40 bundles iron, 1 roll lead, 31 logs cedar, 1 cask ironmongery, 1 case slops, 12 kegs gunpowder, T. Woolley; 1 chest drapery, 3 cases pickles, 1 case apparel, R. Cowan; 20 baskets oranges, 1 case lemons, 1 case lines, G. Thornton; 1 bale and 1 case apparel, M. Joseph.

PORT PHILLIP.

DEPARTURE.—April 26. *Wave*, schooner, Birkenshaw, master, for Sydney. Passengers—Messrs. Davies, G. Allan, and T. W. Nash. Cargo—16 hogsheads rum, 18 drip stones, 16 tons salt.

The *Clarence*, Captain Archer, was advertised to leave Port Phillip for Port Albert on the 30th ultimo. The *Christina* would sail for Sydney direct on the same day.

The *Meg Merrilies*, *Eleanor*, and *Penyard Park*, commenced discharging cargo yesterday; the former at Lamb and Parbury's Wharf, and the two latter at Campbell's Wharf.

The steamer *Sovereign*, from Moreton Bay, has brought 40 bales wool; she has experienced a succession of contrary gales since leaving Sydney, which accounts for her long trip. After leaving Brisbane Town, on the 29th ultimo, she was detained two days at the bar, where the schooner *Jane* and the yacht *Avenger* were also lying windbound. The schooner *William* was loading at the township for Sydney. The *Sovereign* on arriving off the Solitary Islands, was obliged to be hove to for two days through stress of weather, during which time she fell in with the London whaler *Arabian*, nine months from Sydney, with 420 barrels of sperm oil. Captain Collins reported having fallen in with the Sydney whalers *Jane*, Capt Fowler, a few days before, with 530 barrels sperm oil; and the *Nimrod*, Captain Sullivan, eight months out, with 40 barrels sperm; she reported having seen the *William*, Bolger, eight months from Sydney, quantity of oil not known.

MAILS FOR ENGLAND.—The mails per *Sultana* and *Sarah Scott* will close on Saturday next, at 6 P.M. The *Mary* will also sail the beginning of next week.

The *William the Fourth*, steamer, arrived from the Clarence River last evening, with 30 bales wool, 15 casks tallow, and 200 sheepskins, on board. She was obliged to put into Trial Bay, at which place the *Jane Scott*, *George*, and *Charles Webb*, were lying wind-bound. The *William the Fourth* proceeds to Wollongong this evening.

The schooner *Shepherdess*, lately arrived from New Zealand, was sold yesterday by private contract to Mr. Morris, for £270.

The ship *Falco*, Captain Mosely from Boston, U.S., with Mr. J. B. Williams, U.S. Consul on board, for New Zealand, arrived at Adelaide, on the 17th ultimo, and would leave about the 26th for Auckland.

THE TROOP SHIP "BRITON."—The *Briton* left Sydney for Calcutta on the 15th August last, in company with the *Royal Saxon*, *Enmore*, and *Lloyds*, which were also bound to Calcutta with troops. The *Briton* had on board Major Bunbury, Captain Best, Captain Sayers, Captain Montgomery, Lieutenants Leslie and Freeman, Ensigns Hunter and Coleman, Assistant Surgeon Gammie, and 308 rank and file of the 80th Regiment, with 34 women and 51 children. The *Royal Saxon*, *Enmore*, and *Lloyds*, kept company nearly the whole of the passage, and their arrival at Calcutta has been already reported. The *Briton* took a more circuitous route, and was last reported at Singapore, obtaining a fresh supply of water. From the following quotation from a Mauritius paper, it appears that after leaving there she was lost, but all hands saved:—"Captain Norris of the *Cecilia* reports that on the 12th November last, the British ships *Runnymede* and *Briton*, were wrecked on the Andaman Archipelago, by a heavy gale of wind from the eastward. The first was from England, the latter from Sydney, both with troops on board, bound to Calcutta. The passengers and crew were all saved. This information was brought to Penang by Captain Paterson of the barque *Wigrams*, who spoke on the 1st January, the H. C. schooner *George Swinton*, on her return from the wrecks, where she had been with supplies from Merguy. H. M. brig *Wolverene* being at Penang when the intelligence arrived, immediately proceeded to the assistance of these unfortunates.—*Le Mauricien*, 24th *February*.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA FOR THIS DAY.

May.		Sun, rises	Sun, sets	High water morn	High water even
7	WEDNESDAY	6 47	5 13	8 54	9 18

Moon—1st Quarter, May 15, 47 m to 1, morning.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 1845.

"Sworn to no master, of no sect am I."

MORETON BAY.

THE residents in the Moreton Bay district have on various occasions shown themselves to be second to none in the colony for their enterprise and intelligence; and the formation of the Association which will be found reported in our correspondent's usual communication, shows that they are determined not to forego the character they have obtained. An association of this kind, if supported by the great mass of the inhabitants, must be extremely useful. We think, however, that they have no right to appropriate the funds of the Pastoral Association in the way they have done; that Association had for its chief object the protection of the squatters from the arbitrary regulations of April, 1844, and as the Central Association had to expend considerable sums of money in bringing the squatters case before the public, both colonial and British, to them ought the money raised by the District Associations to have been sent. The District Associations could by themselves have done nothing towards bringing the arbitrary nature of the regulations under the notice of the English people; how effectually the Central Association did so, almost every newspaper received from England bears testimony. This must have cost a large sum of money; and we must say, therefore, that we think the Moreton Bay people have appropriated money that did not belong to them, which was subscribed for a specific purpose, to which it ought to have been devoted.

A NEW EXPORT—NOT A PRODUCT.

INTO this colony are imported annually, linens and cottons to the value of three hundred thousand pounds, taking the ordinary fabrics only, and the weight of these is probably two and a half million of pounds, or one thousand tons. The greater part of this immense importation goes up the country, but the portion consumed in Sydney, Parramatta, Maitland, Melbourne, and other towns and their vicinity, may fairly be estimated at one-third in weight. The ultimate fate of these commodities, when they lose the name of fabrics, and retrograde into the condition of raw materials—no one can tell. As no one has ever seen a dying donkey, and as (according to the elder Mr. WELLER) no one has ever seen a dead postboy, so no one has yet, we believe, ever chanced to discover a rag in the final decadence and caddice of nature. We have been informed on good authority that wheat bags degenerate by slow degrees into potatoe bags with holes, and that neither wheat bags nor potatoe bags, though always conditioned to be returned, do yet never find their way back to their right owners. What becomes of them is a mystery; but still more inexplicable is the destiny of worn out shirts and towels, after they have passed through the transition stages of dusters. We have indeed in the unhappy circumstance of a cut finger, obtained a sight of a few inches of what we imagined to be old linen or cotton rag; but whenever we had the curiosity to inquire if it were really such, we found it had been torn off the tail of one of the frailest of our own snowies, fragrant and fresh from the laundress.

The weight of the linens and cottons consumed in Sydney, and the more important towns, being three hundred tons when new, the weight of rags possible, (but for the obscurity and evanescence which is thus so remarkable,) to be collected in peopled places, should be one hundred and fifty tons at least.

The rags on which a commercial value is put in England, for the purposes of paper making, may be arranged in three classes. 1st. the finest bleached cotton and linen rags which have never been printed nor stained, and which require little more than a simple washing—these are worth four or five pence a pound. 2nd. the cotton and linen rags of middling quality and of unbleached colour, not printed nor stained, worth about fourpence a lb.; and thirdly, the printed cottons and those partially stained by use, which require a strong ley to discharge the colouring matter; these last are worth two or three pence a pound.

Eight hundred weight of rags not pressed, will occupy a ton measurement. By pressing the space may be reduced so as perhaps to admit 16 cwt. to the 40 feet. Bales of rags may be treated with freedom in stowing, and therefore we should say that one half-penny a pound would be a fully remunerative freight; one half-penny more would pay insurance, commission, brokerage, and other charges.

50 tons, 122,000lb. rags, at 4d.	£1867
50 tons, 112,000lb. rags, at 3¼d.	1516
50 tons, 112,000lb. rags, at 2½d.	1167
	4550
Off—Freight and charges, 1d. per lb.	1400
Nett value of the Export . . .	3150

In these rough calculations we have intended to be greatly below the truth. The nett saving above brought out is perhaps not half what might be made by the collector of rags; but were it no more, it is capable of supporting one hundred families.

The quantity of first and second class papers imported into the colony is also extremely great. We are not at present prepared with a calculation (which will require to be more carefully made than we have thought necessary with the above) to show whether any or what description of paper might be made here to advantage. We are in hopes, however, of finding that a great portion of our rags, old ropes, and vegetable substances, in particular New Zealand flax, might be so worked up. But as our readers will have seen there are at least three classes of materials used for the first class paper alone, and there are three or more for the second class, yet the wisdom of the British Excise has established only two rates of drawback, three-pence on the first class or white papers, and three halfpence on the second or brown and grey papers. This circumstance tends to derange and complicate the calculation.

PORT PHILLIP.

THE only news of importance in the Melbourne papers which came to hand yesterday is, that the stockholders in the neighbourhood of Geelong were to have a meeting on the 20th instant, to oppose the proposal of the District Council of Grant to impose a tax upon live stock. The subject of immigration will also then be taken into consideration. The Assessment Committee of the Melbourne Town Council had declared the annual value of the houses in Melbourne to be £45,000.

NEW ZEALAND.

THERE were various rumours in town yesterday, respecting affrays in New Zealand; but they only appear to be different versions of the reports that have already been accurately given in the columns of the *Herald*.

We have received an *Auckland Times* of the 15th April, being three days later than any paper we had previously received.

The preparations for defending Auckland were being gone on with, and if JOHN HEKI does persuade the various tribes to let him pass on to Auckland, his reception there will be rather warmer than he expects.

The Militia Bill was being carried into effect. The following is the list of officers of the "Auckland Battalion."

Colonel—The Governor.

Lieutenant-Colonel—Charles Waybrow Ligar.

Major—Frederick Whitaker.

Captains—John Logan Campbell, Percival Berrey, James Stuart Freeman, Philip Wright, George Owen Ormsby, Thomas Ringrose Atkins, William Warre Barrow, and David Rough.

Lieutenants—Charles Hunter M'Intosh, Fred. Thatcher, Frederick Ward Merriman, William Leach, William Mason, John Watson, William Church, Francis Bell, J. W. Hamilton, A.D.C.

Ensigns—Robert Mitchell, Henry Pigg, John Peter Du Moulin, John Bonfield O'Mealy, George Elliot Elliot, Alexander Johnson, Reader Wood, Edward Other, George Cooper, A.D.C.

Adjutant—John Scott.

Quarter-master—William Connell.

Surgeon—William Davies, M.D.

In consequence of the passing of the Customs' Act, various appointments had been made. Mr. D'ARCY had been appointed Collector at Auckland, Mr. HOGG sub-collector at Wellington, Mr. CARKEEK sub-collector at Nelson, and Mr. WEBSTER sub-collector at New Plymouth.

Two addresses had been presented to Lieutenant ROBERTSON, late commander of H. M. S. *Hazard*, by a number of the inhabitants, extolling his bravery when endeavouring to resist the savages at Kororarika, and informing him that it was their intention to send £60 to England for the purchase of a sword to be presented to him as a token of their approbation. Mr. ROBERTSON's replies were very modest and concise.

There does not appear to be anything else of importance in the papers before us.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT.—CIVIL SIDE.

TUESDAY.

BEFORE their Honors the three JUDGES, in Banco.

SMART *v.* RUSSELL.

Mr. MICHIE moved for and obtained an enlargement, till Thursday next, of the rule *nisi* herein returnable this day, upon the ground that the notice of such rule had not been served in sufficient time to allow of proper preparation for showing cause against it.

BERNARD *v.* GRAHAM.

Mr. BROADHURST moved, on the part of the defendant in the above case, for judgment as in case of a nonsuit, upon the ground that the plaintiff had failed to proceed to trial upon the case being called on at the last *nisi prius* sittings.

The motion being unopposed, was granted.

DOE DEM. MOUTON *v.* ROE.

Mr. MICHIE moved for judgment against the casual ejector in the above case, upon the usual affidavit of personal service on the tenant in possession.—Granted.

THE MARQUIS OF AILSA AND OTHERS *v.* WATSON AND OTHERS.

The Court was engaged for the remainder of the day in hearing the arguments of Mr. Cunningham in behalf of the respondents in the above case. The case will probably be terminated to-day.

Court adjourned till ten o'clock to-morrow (this morning).

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENCY PROCEEDINGS.

TUESDAY.

BEFORE the CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

PROOF OF CLAIMS.

In the estate of Robert Crawford, a third meeting: William Thurlow, £70; Thomas Rudd, £60; John Porteus, £9 9s. 4d.; W. Bowen and Son, £29 19s. 6d.; the trustees of William Pendray, jun., £28 9s. The meeting was then adjourned till the 19th May.

In the estate of Joseph and Henry Moore, a special meeting: Thacker, Mason, and Co., £142 16s. 5d.; Magniac, Jardine, and Co., £136 19s. 1d.; M. D. Hunter and Co., £68 19s. 10d.; Edward Obadin and Co., £30 12s. 10d.

APPLICATIONS OF INSOLVENTS FOR CERTIFICATES OF DISCHARGE.

The following is a list of all the applications for certificates of discharge, notified in the *Government Gazette*, containing the dates when the applications were notified, and when they are to be made to the Chief Commissioner:—

Name of Applicant.	Date of Application.	When Application is to be made.	
Robert Russell	Jan. 14.	May	8
John Waite	March 19.	May	8
Peter Joseph Duffy	March 24.	May	8
Charles Vavasour Earle..	March 24.	May	8
Jules A. Vaillant	March 27.	May	8
John Loveridge	April 3.	May	8
George Rowley	April 2.	May	8
Owen M'Mahon	April 5.	May	8
Thomas Woodhouse	April 7.	May	8
Arthur Joseph Maister ..	April 5.	May	8
Joseph Brown.........	March 20.	May	15
Thomas Plows	April 4.	May	15
Martin Dewin Cooper ..	April 4.	May	15
Charles Weavers	April 9.	May	15
Jordan Sparks..........	April 9.	May	15
Kenneth Munro	April 9.	May	15
James Ferguson	April 9.	May	15
William Matthew	April 9.	May	15
Lawrence Foley	April 9.	May	15
Quinten Valentine Swift.	April 10.	May	22
Thomas Chaplin Briellat	April 16.	May	22
David Rebeiro Furtado..	April 16.	May	22
William Samuel Makin..	April 21.	May	22
Frederick Atkinson ...	April 28.	June	5
Joseph Howard	May 3.	June	5
James Beck	May 5.	June	5
Thomas Williams	May 5.	June	5
William Birmingham....	April 25.	June	12
James Hooper..........	April 28.	June	12
John Clode	April 29.	June	12
John Wilkinson	April 29.	June	12
Moses Solomon	May 2.	June	12
Henry Ramsay Scarvell..	May 3.	June	12

MEETINGS FOR TO-DAY.

George James Kent, a single meeting, at half-past one o'clock.

Wilson, Coser, and Henderson, an adjourned special meeting, at two.

MEETINGS FOR TO-MORROW.

Richard Crampton, a single meeting, at eleven o'clock.

Robert Miller, a special meeting, to compel him to apply for his certificate.

INSOLVENCY BUSINESS.—The Supreme Court will sit at eleven o'clock to-day to dispose of such insolvency business as may be brought before it.

CITY COUNCIL.

A QUARTERLY Meeting of the City Council will be holden at the Town Hall, on Friday next, at 12 o'clock:—

1. To receive Reports from the Chairmen of Committees.
2. To receive such Memorials and Petitions as may be presented.
3. To read Correspondence.
4. Motions.

NOTICE OF MOTIONS.

BY COUNCILLOR FISHER—

5. That the charge for water supplied to the Citizens, on and after the 1st July next, be fixed at five shillings per room per annum for all private houses, and seven shillings and sixpence per room per annum for all public houses or inns, subject, however, to an extra charge, to be fixed by the Council, in cases where any brewery or factory be attached requiring a larger supply of water.

BY COUNCILLOR COWLISHAW—

6. That the District Surveyor be instructed to take the necessary steps for the alignment and proclamation of all such streets in the City of Sydney as have not already been aligned and proclaimed.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

7. To consider the following business standing over, of which notice has been given:—
   1. The Report of the By-Laws Committee on the By-Law to amend the By-Laws for the George-street Markets. Dated and received by the Council on 31st March last.
   2. The Report of the Water Committee, dated 24th February last, on reconsidering their report for the half year, ending 31st December last, including the appendix thereto attached, being their half yearly Report, dated 24th February last.
8. To consider the Report of the Special Committee appointed to inquire into the subject of the City Treasurer's letter, of date 25th March last, received by the Council on 28th ultimo.
9. To consider the Report of the Lighting Committee on the subject of the Gas Lamps now lighted at the expense of the Corporation; received by the Council on 28th ultimo.
10. To consider the Report of the Lighting Committee on the subject of Lighting the City with Gas and Oil; received by the Council on 28th ultimo.
11. To consider the Assessment Lists of the various Wards in the City, as revised by the Committee.

CITY COUNCIL.

REPORT OF THE LIGHTING COMMITTEE.

REPORT of the Select Committee of the City Council, appointed to confer with the Gas Company on the subject of lighting the city with gas, and to estimate the cost of lighting the same with oil.

By a resolution of the City Council, of 17th February last, all previous resolutions of the Council on lighting the city were rescinded, and a Committee—consisting of the following members, viz.: Aldermen Wilshire and Macdermott; Councillors Sillitoe, Henderson, Josephson, Coyle, Agars, and Fisher—appointed "to confer with the Gas Company on the subject of lighting the principal parts of the city with gas; and also to estimate the cost of lighting the same with oil; and report as speedily as possible what amount will be required to light with gas or with oil those portions of the wards where practicable, in order that this Council may, in the present year's assessment, levy a rate for lighting such portions of the city."

Your Committee, for the purpose of procuring information on the subject committed to them, put themselves in communication with the Secretary to the Australian Gas Light Company, and have appended to this Report a copy of the correspondence which has taken place between them, together with returns of the number and situation of the street lamps lighted by the Company on 31st December, 1844, and tables of charges for street gas-lights in certain provincial towns in England

From these returns, and from returns and information contained in former Lighting Committee Reports, your Commmittee are of opinion that, at the lowest calculation, 150 gas lamps will be required,—in addition to those already lighted by the Government, the Corporation, innkeepers and private persons,—to light the City in those places where pipes are, or may be conveniently laid. The document—Appendix No. 7—shows the length in yards of all the streets and lanes of any importance in the City, and gives a total of 392 lamps required, allowing a space of 73 yards between each lamp-post. The number of lamps already lighted, as shown in Appendix Nos. 3 and 7, is 174, which would leave 218 still to be lighted; but your Committee think that with proper and judicious distribution 150 additional lamps will be sufficient.

Assuming then that 150 lamps are required, and will be sufficient for lighting the city, your Committee, on comparing the price of gas-lights in many provincial towns in the mother country (as collected from Appendix No. 6, and other sources) with the price which ought to be remunerating to the Gas Company in Sydney, have agreed to recommend that £5 10s. per lamp, per annum, should be offered by the Council to the Australian Gas Light Company for lighting 150 lamps, with batswing burners, consuming on the average four cubic feet of gas per hour, and burning on the average ten hours per night, omitting five nights in each moon, including cleaning, lighting, and extinguishing.

Your Committee are of opinion that the Council should offer for the use of the lamp-posts, with all the appendages, complete for lighting, ten shillings per annum each; or, if deemed advisable to purchase them outright, that £4 per lamp-post would be a fair and reasonable price to be offered by the Council.

At these prices the expense of lighting with gas those portions of the city where practicable, would be—

For 150 Lamps, at £5 10s......	£825
For 150 Lamp-posts, on hire	75
	£900

Or if the lamp-posts were purchased—

150 Lamps, lighted	£825
150 Lamp-posts, each £4	600
	£1,425

It must be understood, however, that if the lamp-posts were taken on rental, and afterwards purchased within the year, the amount of the rent would have to be deducted from the purchase price.

For obtaining information on the probable expense of lighting with oil such parts of the city as cannot be conveniently lighted with gas, your Committee inserted an advertisement in the newspapers, inviting parties to forward to the Town Clerk estimates of the rates at which they would undertake to light the City with oil, stating the price for each lamp per annum, both inclusive and exclusive of lamp-posts. The only information they have been able to procure on the subject is contained in a letter from Mr. Lewis Leon, dated 29th March, 1845, appended to this report, in which he states it as his opinion that the work might now be done for 20 or 25 per cent. less than he formerly tendered for. Deducting the stated per centage from the price stated by Mr. Leon in his letter of 25th March, 1843, a copy of which is annexed (Appendix No. 9), it will appear that those parts of the city which it would be impracticable to light with gas, at present, may be lit with the best oil, in burners of the most approved principle, at less than £3 per lamp; and that the lamp-posts may be purchased at less than £3 10s. each. At these rates 100 lamps could be lit with oil

for................................	£300
The posts would cost	450
Total................	£750

And 150 lamps, with the posts, would cost £1125; but after the first outlay for posts the price would thereafter be—

For 100 Lamps............	£300
For 150 Lamps...........	£450

Your Committee are not, however, in a situation to state the exact number of lamps that would be required for those portions of the city alluded to; nor can they give a correct estimate of the price per lamp; as this, according to Mr. Leon's letter, will depend in a great measure on the number and situation of the posts, and the number of hands required to light and extinguish the lamps. In short, the question respecting the lighting with gas must be disposed of before specific information can be furnished on the cost of lighting with oil.

J. R. WILSHIRE, Chairman.

METEOROLOGY.

(Compiled expressly for the Sydney Morning Herald.)

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT, SOUTH HEAD, FROM 29TH APRIL TO 5TH MAY, 1845.

DATE.	MOON'S AGE.	BAROMETER. 8½ A.M.	BAROMETER. 2½ P.M.	BAROMETER. SUNSET.	BAROMETER. 9 P.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 8½ A.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 2½ P.M.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. SUNSET.	ATTACHED THERMOMETER. 9 P.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 8½ A.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 2½ P.M.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. SUNSET.	DETACHED THERMOMETER. 9 P.M.	WET THERM. AT 2½ P.M.	RAIN FALLEN.	WINDS.
TUESDAY 29	23	30·148	30·096	30·090	30·094	64	64	64	65	65	63	63	65	63	0·53	Easterly, E. by N.
WEDNESDAY 30	24	30·041	29·927	29·880	29·856	64	64	64	63	61	61	61	58	61	3·58	E. by N., N.E., N.N.E., N., E., E.S.E. E., N. by E.
THURSDAY 1	25	29·770	29·682	29·674	29·678	64	63	63	63	59	63	59	58	62	0·87	N.W. by W., S.S.W. S., N.W.
FRIDAY 2	26	29·741	29·749	29·762	29·825	63	62	62	58	58	61	58	55	60	0·43	S.W., S.W. by S., S. by W., S.S.W.
SATURDAY 3	27	29·870	29·890	29·901	29·922	58	60	59	59	57	60	57	53	57	0·004	S.W. by S., S. by W., S.S.W.
SUNDAY 4	28	29·928	29·876	29·869	29·885	57	62	61	61	53	63	60	58	58	......	S.W., S. by E., S.
MONDAY 5	29	29·810	29·770	29·733	29·735	58	64	63	62	58	64	59	58	61	......	W.S.W., N.N.E., N. by E., N.

GENERAL REMARKS.

TUESDAY, 29.—Continued wild boisterous weather through this day; wind and rain in squalls, which grew very violent during the afternoon, and more frequent. In the evening wind moderated, rain ceased, and the cloudal masses cleared away for a while, but gathered over again during the night.

WEDNESDAY, 30.—Clouds hanging heavily, and during the forenoon rain came in violent bursts with very heavy squalls of wind from eastward—(rain between eight and eleven o'clock A.M., 1·42 inches):—afterward wind was very unsteady, shifting backwards and forwards between east-south-east and north, but not so boisterous, and rain fell without any intermission. Shortly before sunset the most awful storms of rain burst upon us, with wind due north,—not falling in drops, but resembling water being poured through a pretty open sieve: this lasted for nearly half an hour, then sky began to brighten, first in north, and the heavens became one clear starry expanse,—and wind sunk, veering west of north.

THURSDAY, 1.—A fine bright morning, light north-west airs; dense fog banks stretching their snow-white lengths along in all directions. Before noon, clouded; and rain fell for about an hour, with wind from south-south-west: backed again to north-west (moderate), continued gloomy, and in evening frequent showers; ten to eleven, some thunder and lightning from southward, with a strong wind.

FRIDAY, 2.—Heavy squalls, with rain, during the forepart, from south-west,—southed gradually, and increased to a strong gale, and kept increasing in violence P.M.; no rain P.M. till after sunset, when clouds gathered in a low dense mass, and cold showers passed over fore part of night; gale moderating after eight o'clock.

SATURDAY, 3.—Between seven and eight o'clock wind veered south-west to south, and came on to blow very fresh and cold, and so continued with little change through the day: darkly clouded all day, and at sunset spitting rain for a while. Night, sky cleared; wind keen, but moderate.

SUNDAY, 4.—Sharp south-west airs in the morning, then light pleasant breezes from southward by east the rest of the day; cirrous clouds and blue sky. Night, calm and mild.

MONDAY, 5.—Very light west-south-westerly airs early morning, and cloudy; nearly calm all the forenoon, and a clear firmament. Afternoon, gentle breezes arose from north-eastward by north; got due north before sunset, after which somewhat fresh for a couple of hours; much lightning in south-west, south, and south-east, throughout the evening and early night. Beautifully clear all night.

SYDNEY DISTRICT COUNCIL.

NOMINATION MEETING.

PURSUANT to notice of the 17th April, 1845, in the *Government Gazette*, a meeting of the electors qualified to vote for the election of members of the District Council for Sydney, took place at noon yesterday, in the New Court-house, Woolloomooloo, Thomas Barker, Esq., J.P., (Warden) in the chair.

After the meeting had been duly constituted, the WARDEN commenced the proceedings by stating, that in accordance with the 9th clause of the Charter which had called the District Council of Sydney into existence, Dr. Archibald Little, Robert Bourne, Felix Wilson, and David Jones, Esquires, now retired from their seats as members of the said Council;—while, in accordance with the 8th clause of the same Charter, it was rendered imperative on him as Warden to hold the present meeting for the purpose of nominating the successors of those gentlemen whom he had mentioned as retiring members. He also stated, that in the event of more than four candidates being named, if any one of these candidates individually, or any six of the electors collectively, deemed it proper to demand a poll, that the same, if duly made, would be allowed, and if such was granted, the election would not take place till Friday next, the 9th instant, in the same place where the meeting was then convened, the hours for receiving the votes in favour of the respective candidates to be from 9 A.M. till 4 P.M. on the said 9th of May. His Worship closed his observations by inviting those electors present to come forward and nominate such gentlemen as they thought proper to be declared as candidates; at the same time stating, that the nominees, as well as those who moved their nomination or seconded such motions, must be persons whose names appeared on the Electoral Lists for the Sydney District.

Mr. JOHN KETTLE then moved, and Mr. THOMAS SMIDMORE seconded, the Resolution that Mr. Thomas Hyndes was a fit and proper person to be nominated as a candidate to become a member of the said Council. A show of hands was then taken on the motion, when twenty hands were held up in its favour, and none to the contrary; on which the WARDEN declared that Mr. Hyndes had been duly nominated as a candidate.

Mr. HENRY THOMAS next moved, and Mr. WILLIAM PARROTT seconded, the nomination of Mr. Charles Jenkins as a fit and proper person to be nominated as a candidate. A show of hands was taken in favour of the motion, when twenty-six hands were held up, which being unopposed, Mr. Jenkins's name was enrolled as a fit and proper candidate.

Alderman BROUGHTON, in a speech of considerable length, afterwards moved, that Mr. Henry Fisher was a fit and proper person to be nominated as a candidate, stating that he had no doubt but that if Mr. Fisher was elected he would prove himself as active and industrious a member of the District Council, as he had shown himself to be of the City Council.

Mr. HUTCHINSON BELL seconded the resolution.

After which Mr. FISHER presented himself to the meeting, and assured those present that he would not only do his sincere endeavour to carry out the principles on which the District Councils had been framed; but also that he would exert himself to get such parts of the present District Council Bill altered as was at present found pressing too stringently on the electors.

A show of hands was then taken, when twenty-eight were held up in favour of the motion, and there being no opposition offered, Mr. Fisher's nomination was recorded.

Mr. JAMES MARTIN, from the office of Nichols and Williams, next moved, and Mr. JAMES OATLEY seconded, that Mr. William Thurlow was a fit and proper person to be placed in nomination. After which Mr. THURLOW stated to the meeting on what principles he would discharge his duty as a member of the District Council, if elected. A show of hands was then taken, when thirty being held up in favour of the nomination, and no opposition being tendered, Mr. Thurlow's name was added to the list of those nominated.

The WARDEN then stated, that as there were only four vacancies and four successors had been nominated, that unless a poll was demanded, or at least another candidate put in nomination, that it would devolve upon him to declare the election closed, and that the persons so nominated were Messrs. Thurlow, Jenkins, Hyndes, and Fisher.

Mr. MICHAEL GAFNON then proposed, and Mr. DAVID FOLEY seconded, Mr. Joseph Samuel Hanson as a fit and proper person to be placed on the list as a candidate for one of the vacant seats.

Mr. W. THURLOW suggested that as Mr. Hanson was not present, that the meeting ought to be satisfied before his name was entered, that he, Mr. Hanson, was possessed of the necessary qualifications to enable him to take his seat if elected.

Mr. M. GANNON having ascertained that it was open to any elector to demand the qualification from any of the other nominees, required that of Mr. H. Fisher, which was immediately after handed in to the Warden, and pronounced by him to be satisfactory.

Mr. BROUGHTON, on looking at the charter, did not think that it was imperative on Mr. Hanson or his proposer to prove that he held the required qualification before the day of election.

Mr. HANSON having entered the Court-house while Mr. Broughton was speaking, afterwards made the declaration set forth in the Charter, before the Warden; and on a show of hands being taken, his nomination appeared to be supported by five electors, and as no opposition was offered, the Warden ordered his name to be added to the list of candidates.

Mr. M. GANNON then demanded a poll on behalf of Mr. Hanson, and was proceeding, with several other electors, to demand the same in terms of the Charter, which only authorises a poll when asked by six electors, or one nominee, when Mr. HANSON demanded and obtained the poll asked for in his own behalf. Proclamation having been made for other candidates to be named, and no other being proposed, the WARDEN closed the business by stating that the polling would commence on Friday, the 9th instant, at nine A.M., and close at four P.M. on the same day. The whole business of the meeting occupied about three quarters of an hour, and not more than fifty persons were present on the occasion.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MR. J. G. COHEN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Silks, Satins, Velvets, Haberdashery, Slops, Cutlery, &c.

MR. STUBBS.—At his Mart, at 12 o'clock, Preserved Provisions, Wines, &c.

MR. S. LYONS.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Satins, Silks, Crapes, Slops, Looking Glasses, Writing Desks.

MR. MORT.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Lamps, Chandeliers, Tea Trays, Cutlery, &c.

THE SHERIFF.—At the "London Tavern," at 12 o'clock, Land at Ball's Head Bay.

DEATH.

On the 5th instant, at his residence, Chippendale, Mr. George Rainy, aged 55 years.

GRAIN.—The following is a statement of the various descriptions of Grain held by Government, on the 1st May, 1845:—Wheat, 39,014 bushels; maize, 6640 bushels.

BROULEE ELECTORAL LISTS.—At a Court of Petty Sessions held at Broulee, on Tuesday, the 29th of April, it was appointed that a Court for the especial purpose of revising the Electoral Lists for that part of the counties of St. Vincent and Auckland, comprising the Police District of Broulee, be holden at the Court House, Broulee, on Monday, the 12th May.

DISTRICT COUNCILLORS.—In consequence of the determination of some of the City Councillors to thrust themselves into the District Council, we understand it is the intention of several respectable individuals to oppose them on the day of election; a meeting for that purpose, takes place this day.—*Communicated.*

LAY ASSOCIATION.—The first meeting of the members of the Church of England Lay Association took place on Monday evening, Mr. Robert Campbell in the chair. After prayers by the Chaplain, and an address from the Chairman, the Secretary gave an epitome of the proceedings of the Society from its commencement, and stated that it had been determined that the funds for the present year should be appropriated as follows: One-tenth in aid of the Cathedral fund, one-tenth in aid of the District Church's fund, two-tenths to the additional Clergy fund, three-tenths for education, two-tenths for clergymen's residences, and one-tenth towards the foundation of an exhibition to one of the English Universities, to be open to the pupils of the St. James's Grammar School; no grant to be made except to meet a similar amount from other sources. A letter was read from the Bishop of Australia, approving of the proposed division of the funds, and in a letter to the Chairman, his Lordship expressed his great approbation of the general proceedings of the Society, and hoped that no misrepresentations or attacks which might be made upon them would prevent the members from going on with the good work they had begun. The business was all of a routine description, except a vote of thanks to the Rev. D. Coleridge, M.A., of Eton, for his exertions on behalf of the Church in this colony, and also for his noble design of the erection of a college for the express purpose of educating candidates for the ministry for the colonies generally. The various speakers expressed themselves highly pleased with the proceedings and prospects of the Society, more especially as to the good likely to result from the formation of branch associations in the interior.

SYDNEY INFIRMARY.—Mrs. Baxter, formerly matron of the hospital at Ceylon, has been appointed matron of the Sydney Infirmary. A large number of very respectable candidates applied for the situation.

CRICKET.—Owing to the late unfavourable weather, the Victoria Club have been prevented from playing their closing match of the season with the Currency Club. It has now, however, been determined to take place on Monday next (weather permitting) on the usual terms of £1 per bat.

A HINT TO TYPE-FOUNDERS.—We understand a commission has arrived in Sydney from the present Editor of the *Port Phillip Patriot*, for the purchase of all the italic and capital letters that can be procured, as he finds it necessary to put the "points" of his articles in peculiar type, for if printed in the ordinary way, he fears no one would be able to discover them.

OILS.—We have on several occasions referred to the facility with which large quantities of castor oil might be prepared in this country and exported. We would now add the "ground nut" to the list, which is being extensively cultivated in India. In a recent report of the proceedings of the Indian Horticultural Society we find the following remarks:—"Dr. Gibbons expresses his pleasure at observing that the subject of oils has been taken up by the Society, and he adds—'from what I see of the ground nut oil, (at least that expressed by Bramah's Press) it, as a table oil, is much superior to the olive oil as commonly met with in this country, but that expressed by the common process has generally an admixture of other oils. This year I have supplied the medical stores, and will probably continue to do so. The castor oil obtained by the same process differs from the clearest castor oil of the bazars in being quite free from taste. This also it is likely I may supply to the stores in future, and on the whole, I am of opinion that this oil press produces oils which will be sought after in the market, when the manufacture shall be conducted on a more extensive scale.'"

TURTLE.—Several very fine turtle have been received within these few days in Sydney, from Moreton Bay. A pair of them, whose joint weight exceeds 700 lbs. were astonishing the natives at Green's, Cricketer's Arms, corner of Pitt and Market streets, yesterday.

COMMITTALS.—Daniel Farrell, who had been taken on a warrant on suspicion of stealing a boat, was yesterday committed to take his trial; the prisoner in defence, alleged, that the boat was his own property. Thomas Stone, under committal, but out on bail, was brought up yesterday, on a charge of attempting to abscond from the same, and was ordered to be remanded to the custody of the Sheriff, but was afterwards allowed fresh bail. Ann Marshall, *alias* Grimes, was committed to take her trial for stealing a chest, some bedding, and a quantity of wearing apparel.

DISTRESSING CASE.—On Monday, Mr. John Betts, of the Vineyard, near Parramatta, a magistrate of the territory, was convicted of drunkenness before the Parramatta bench, and sentenced to pay a fine of fifteen shillings.

ESCAPE OF BUSHRANGERS.—An anonymous correspondent informs us that two notorious bushrangers, (names not stated) who were confined in the Picton lock-up, contrived to escape on Saturday night, one of them having slipped his handcuffs and released the other.

POLICE COURT BUSINESS.—The lists at this Court on Monday contained in all thirty-six cases, namely, four summons cases, all of which were dismissed in consequence of the non-appearance of parties; one case against a female for street walking, who was sent to gaol for one calendar month; sixteen drunkards, of whom the new offenders were excused on promising not to offend again, and those who pleaded not guilty were mulcted in fines varying from 5s. to 11s. Fourteen general charges on the list were also disposed of by being remanded or dismissed, with the exception of six disorderly females, who had been picked up by the police during Sunday for highly improper conduct, each of whom was ordered to give bail to be of good behaviour for twelve months.

OPEN ROOFS.—We are glad to see that open roofs are being introduced into the Ecclesiastical buildings of this colony. Those who have seen the glorious interiors of the ancient Churches (particularly those of Suffolk) and Halls of England, well know how to appreciate this kind of structure, which while it is less costly than the usual heavy timbered flat and ceiled roofs, is infinitely more effective in appearance and suitable to a warm climate like this. Good material in the principal timbers, and abundant thickness of wall or buttress are the chief requisites to their proper construction. The many works on architecture now issuing from the English press will furnish abundance of examples to the colonial architects. Mr. Edward Blacket must have the credit of introducing the open roof into more general use and notice in this Diocese, and we need only refer to the School houses of St. Lawrence and St. Andrew's Parishes, to show how successfully this kind of structure may be applied. Some other examples will also be found in the Church at Camperdown, and in the School-house at Balmain, when completed. We must not omit, however, to mention that at the St. James's Grammar School, which was designed by Mr. Hume; and we understand there is a similar one at the St. Leonard's Church, on the North Shore, by the same architect. We only regret that this church was not of a more Ecclesiastical character. Why was not its excellent work and material which it exhibits, thrown into the Norman style, instead of the anomalous "*Macquarie Gothic*" which it now presents to view? We had nearly forgotten to name the open roof at Camden Church, built by the Messrs. Macarthur, which is exceedingly beautiful and well proportioned. We draw attention to this subject, in the hope that it may be pursued, and we shall be very glad if our columns can be used for the diffusion of information upon it. It is really a shame that with our excellent materials for building, and the numerous architectural appliances that England now furnishes, this Diocese would be wanting in good Ecclesiastical buildings; and the more so because propriety of style and construction does by no means involve additional costliness, indeed, rather the reverse, for utility and simplicity are the chief characteristics of sound and pure Ecclesiastical buildings; of course, there is always capability for decoration also; but a building, if properly designed, is not incomplete without decoration.—*Southern Queen.*

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

(From our various Correspondents.)

MORETON BAY.

MEETING OF THE MORETON BAY PASTORAL ASSOCIATION.

AGREEABLY to notice, a numerous and highly respectable meeting of the above Association assembled at the Victoria Hotel, Brisbane, on the 25th instant, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of dissolving that Association and forming another for the general advancement of the district.

The chair having been taken by J. M'Connell, Esq., Mr. Solicitor ADAMS opened the proceedings, by stating that he had the honour of proposing a resolution, which, if carried, would do away with the present Association, and the forming another for the general improvement of the district; the worthy gentleman in alluding to the Pastoral Association, observed that it had been found our distance from head quarters in Sydney, put it almost out of our power to co-operate with other parts of the colony, and, as an Association for the general development of our resources is admitted by all as being absolutely necessary,—he trusted that such an Association would now be formed, whereby certain objects which it is necessary to carry out should not be left to individual exertion, but to the many united; and as he had lately returned from Sydney, he could bear testimony to the increasing interest that is felt by all classes in the advancement of this interesting portion of Her Majesty's dominions; the fact of our boiling down speculations turning out so highly satisfactory spoke volumes in favour of our pasturage, and he for one must say, that our go-ahead principles ought not on any account to be checked. In forming an association as proposed, it would be of incalculable benefit to the district—as with reference to roads it would be of great advantage; for twelve months since they were almost impassable for our wool teams; this year, by the praiseworthy co-operation of a few individuals, the bridges had been repaired, the road through the scrub at the foot of the mountain range widened, and many other minor evils lessened. In conclusion, he would remark, that when in Sydney, Patrick Leslie, Esq., had drawn his attention to the introduction of a portion of the exiles (now on their way out to this colony) into this district.

How far that measure could be carried out by the proposed Association he could not say; but that the necessity for the introduction of labour was evident to all connected with the squatting interests; and he was sure they would do their best to attain so desirable an object,—he would therefore propose the first resolution.

Moved by Mr. T. Adams; seconded by John Kent, Esq :—1. "That the Pastoral Association be dissolved, and that the funds now in the hands of Evan M'Kenzie, Esq., be handed to the Treasurer to be appointed under an Association about to be formed, called the Moreton Bay District Association, being an Association for advancing all the interests of the district, it being understood that the funds in the hands of the late Treasurer be applied to the purpose of the survey of the Bay, and the balance applied as above."

Mr. Kent, in seconding the above resolution, begged to make a few observations relative to the new formed Association. He observed that an association for the general advancement of their united interests would, under the voluntary principle, do away with that political excitement which attended the formation of District Councils in other parts of the colony; and if a committee was formed to carry out the objects of this Association, he was sure much good would be effected, and satisfaction given to all parties. As regarded the roads, he would draw their attention to the road between the township and Limestone, the only communication with the interior, was the worst of the whole line to the Darling Downs; with some little trouble he (Mr. Kent) had gone over a new line connecting the townships of Brisbane and Ipswich, and the result was, by building a bridge over the Canoe Creek, about a mile and a half above the present crossing place, much ground would be saved, and the swamps at M'Guire's Blunder avoided; such, and similar improvements could be effected by the Association at a very trifling expense compared with the benefits resulting therefrom. As to any one else advancing our interests it was not to be expected, we certainly have a member in the Council for the County of Stanley, who is also Speaker; but that, that honourable gentlemen ever spoke anything in our favour he never could ascertain; to Messrs. Boyd and Robinson our best thanks were due for the interest they have taken in our welfare, and if we only co-operate together for our mutual benefit, we cannot be put down, representations from individuals may not be attended too, but coming from a body like the present Association they cannot be shirked with impunity; the late members of the Pastoral Association must bear in mind what unanimity has, and can do, they must put their shoulders to the wheel, and contribute their mite to carry out our patriotic resolves, for the general good and advancement of the district, and to make this, as it soon must be, the finest portion of New Holland. The Resolution was then carried unanimously.

Proposed by K. Cannan, Esq., seconded by J. Richardson, Esq :—2. "That Patrick Leslie, Esq., be requested to act as Chairman of the Moreton Bay District Association." Carried.

Mr. P. Leslie, in accepting the honour done him by voting him their Chairman, begged to assure the meeting that his best efforts should be directed, as they have hitherto been, to carry out their wishes for the good of the district. He was, he believed, the first settler that came over to this side of the country; and although he had endeavoured to push his own fortunes, he had been ever ready to study the interests of the district, and he was proud to say that no district in New South Wales held a higher opinion in England, (from whence he had lately returned,) than the district of Moreton Bay—a district which he could safely say contained as much real respectability and gentlemanly feeling towards each other as any district in the colony; they were ready at all times with heart and hand to assist each other; and he trusted that now an Association was formed for the good of the squatter, the merchant, and tradesman residing in the district, they would feel it their bounden duty to pull together, for the mutual benefit of all. The worthy gentleman then alluded to a conversation he had had with His Excellency Sir George Gipps respecting the introduction of exiles to this district; Sir George had promised to send 150 of these men here on arrival from England, provided the settlers would come forward and support these men after landing at Brisbane, until they obtain engagements. In stating the desirableness of the introduction of labour, he would observe, that these men, on landing here, would be perfectly free; and from their previous good conduct having merited their freedom, he doubted not they would be a valuable acquisition to the district. Some parties objected to the introduction of any tainted labour; but they must bear in mind that they were not like the southern districts, where they could pick and choose their labourers. We want any labour, particularly like that proposed to be introduced—free adult labour; and when it is borne in mind how severely we were taxed to get labour, it would be a blot on the district to refuse that now offered us—it was, perhaps, foreign to the meeting to allude to this matter; but as the general benefit was contemplated by the Association, he considered such a proposal worthy of their best consideration. Mr. Leslie then alluded to District Councils, and the proposed Squatting, or, as he termed it, Algerine Regulations, about to be put in force, and concluded a very eloquent speech amidst general approbation.

Proposed by Captain Coley; and seconded by K. Cannan, Esq. :—3. "That John M'Connell, Esq., be requested to continue to act as Vice-Chairman to the Moreton Bay District Association." Carried.

Proposed by T. Adams, Esq.; and seconded by P. Leslie, Esq. :—4. "That Mr. William Kent be appointed to act as Treasurer to the above Association." Carried.

Proposed by W. Kent, Esq.; seconded by J. Richardson, Esq. :—5. "That Mr. Layard be requested to continue to act as Secretary to the Association." Carried.

Proposed by G. S. Le Breton, Esq.; seconded by G. R. Cannon, Esq. :—6. "That a list be opened for an annual subscription of £1 each." Carried.

Proposed by John Kent, Esq.; seconded by P. Leslie, Esq. :—7. "That the funds of the late Pastoral Association shall be still appropriated for the survey of the Harbour."—Carried.

Previous to the preceding resolution being carried, considerable discussion arose as to the propriety of surveying the harbour before doing what was considered a more important object—the repairing and opening roads to the interior, Mr. G. S. Le Breton contending the latter measure ought to be thought of first; but as the late Pastoral Association had before voted their surplus funds for the survey of the bay, the resolution was carried.

Proposed by John Kent, Esq.; seconded by C. J. Mackenzie, Esq. :—8. "That the following gentlemen be appointed members of the Committee, five of whom shall be a quorum: P. Leslie (chairman), J. M'Connell (vice-chairman), John Kent, Thos. Adams, John Richardson, G. S. Le Breton, David M'Connell, William Kent, C. J. Mackenzie, K. Cannon, M. Prior, Esquires, and Captain Coley, with power to add to their number."—Carried.

Proposed by J. Kent, Esq.; seconded by P. Leslie, Esq :—9. "That a meeting be called for the second day after the arrival of the steamer, to take the subject of the Pentonville Exiles into consideration."—Carried.

At the termination of the meeting, about 40 gentlemen subscribed their signatures to the list for £1 each, to carry out the objects of the Association; and I must also observe, that much dissatisfaction was expressed by several parties present at the meeting, at the want of courtesy shown by the Manager of the Hunter River Steam Navigation Company towards the residents of this district, whose interests on several occasions have been neglected, without any reasonable cause; towards Captain Cape, the commander of the steamer *Sovereign*, there was only one feeling, that of respect, and good will, for his civility and attention at all times, both on board and ashore, to their wants and wishes. That the Company ought to strain a point in favour of the supporters of the boat, when it can be done without positive loss or inconvenience, there cannot be two opinions about, particularly when it is known the *Sovereign* has invariably had bumper cargoes; in her last trip down she had between sixty and seventy cabin and steerage passengers, with full freight.

In several of my previous communications, I have pointed out the many evils which the inhabitants residing in and about "Ipswich" are daily subject to, resulting from the number of government men that are kept in that vicinity, to look after the government stock at the different sheep and cattle stations, and who, from their necessarily being scattered over a large tract of country, cannot be brought under that salutary surveillance compatible with good order; it being a well attested fact that these fellows, some of whom are Norfolk Island expirees, manage, in spite of their overseers, to frequent the township at Ipswich, and from thence procure, by surreptitious means, spirits and other luxuries, with which they have a jolly carouse, and talk over the many dark deeds they have done. I have been led to these remarks, in consequence of having attended the Police Office, Brisbane, a few days since, during the examination of two of the men attached to the Ploughed Station, for having violently assaulted a fellow-prisoner named Thomas Downey, who is at present an inmate of the Hospital here, from the dangerous nature of his wounds. From the evidence elicited by the Bench, (Messrs. Wickham and P. Leslie), it will be plainly perceived how necessary it is, that this rural pandemonium should be speedily abolished, and the rich tract of country now unprofitably occupied by the Government stock, thrown open for the employment of free labour; the evidence of one of the witnesses (Linden,) is a beautiful specimen of the revolting scenes acted there. He states: on Sunday last, the 14th instant, some of the men from Huckett's hut came to me in the evening, and asked me to go over and sing a song for the company there assembled; I went over, where I found a number of the men drinking—they were drinking rum, Downey was there, we continued singing until between nine and ten o'clock; Hackett's hut is about one hundred yards from the overseer's (Kelly's) hut; Downey sang a song, at the conclusion of which some words arose between Downey and me, respecting a man named Doyle, who had been flogged the week previously for stealing some things from Wright, an overseer at the Redbank Station. Downey challenged me to fight, and although he was a bigger man than me, I promised to fight with him next day. On going to my hut, Downey followed me with a stick concealed behind him, which I endeavoured to take away from him. On letting go the stick on his (Downey) promising to go home, he struck me with the stick over the head, which knocked me down, after which he knelt on my breast, and struck me with his fist. On some of the men coming up, they took him away. About midnight, I heard the voice of one of my hut-mates, named William Bar, at Downey's hut, trying to get in. Fearing, from his being drunk, he meant to do some mischief, I got up and went over; a man named Thorpe had opened the door; Bar was at the fireplace, with a brickbat in his hand, about throwing it at some one; the other prisoner Patrick Dwyer was in the hut; shortly afterwards I heard Downey cry out I am being murdered, he is stabbing me; I do not know who it was that did stab him. Such is the substance of Linden's statement. The wounded man, Downey, in his affidavit, states, he was awoke by Dwyer calling out to him to get up, and whilst he was in the act of doing so, he was stabbed in five or six places; the loss of blood from the wounds rendered him insensible, and he recollects nothing further. The two men Dwyer and Bar, have been committed to take their trials for the outrage; it is pretty well known that similar instances of atrocity are of frequent occurrence; although in most instances they are hushed up, the well-disposed not daring to split, for fear of ulterior consequences from the more daring ruffians.

As the Government are about boiling down a lot of the sheep this winter, His Excellency Sir George Gipps would do well to request the Deputy Commissary-General to sell the stock at the present price, or boil the whole down for the hides, skins, and tallow, and break up establishments that neither confer a profit to the Government nor the slightest benefit to the district.

The inhabitants of North Brisbane were highly amused on the 22nd instant, in witnessing a steeple-chase got up by a few of the right sort. The line of ground marked out to be run over being in the vicinity of the township, presenting some stiff fences to be surmounted, and a very ugly ditch, into which latter a gallant son of Mars managed to get deposited a few minutes before the match came off, affording on his emersion no little amusement to the numerous spectators of his vivid personification of the gentleman in black. Four horses were entered for the sweepstakes of £5 each, viz.:—

Mr. M'Kenzie's b. m. Cinderella ...... Owner.
Mr. J. Campbell's b. h. Giggler ...... Owner.
Mr. Whitting's bay h. It-can't-be-done Owner.
Mr. Hawkin's c. h. It-must-be-done . Owner.

The mare was the favourite at starting at even against the field, but the rider of It-must-be-done found backers for his known game qualities when on the pig-skin. The lead at the word off was taken by It-must-be-done, his rider taking the first and succeeding jumps in a manner that fully demonstrated his determination to verify his assertion before the match, that "it must be done." At the second fence, after crossing the ditch, the rider of Giggler received a heavy fall, from his horse tipping the top rail and rolling over, fortunately a contusion in the shoulder was the only damage sustained, beyond being thrown out of the race; in the run home, the mare, whose rider had evidently kept her in hand, was let out, but certainly too late to retrieve the lost ground in waiting, as she was beat by It-must-be-done full twenty yards; although for the last quarter of a mile her pace was tremendous, the last jump being taken at the top of her speed. The worthy rider of It-can't-be-done chalked out a little fun for himself at the different leaps much to the amusement of the youkels, who at every abortive attempt of the horse to top the fence sang out "It can't be done;" nor was it done in time by him to see the finish. So much disappointment was expressed by the backers of Cinderella, that a second match was got up between her and It-must-be-done, over the same ground; this time the mare was kept close to the horse's quarter until they reached the second fence, when unfortunately the mare tripped and threw her rider; but who, still game to the backbone, remounted, and again resumed the race. At this time the rider of It-must-be-done had made the turn on his way back, and had to all appearances, the race booked at the odds of a horse to a handsaw; but on the mare again being put to her work her pace and leaps were surprising; in the paddock, after crossing the ditch, she went at a racing pace, overhauling the horse wonderfully; in the run up hill home the sight was particularly good; the rider of 'It-must-be-done' now finding, much to his surprise, that the mare was getting too close to be pleasant, tried hard to lift his horse to the winning post; but the mare, amidst general huzzas, run him a dead heat.

The third meeting of the Moreton Bay Jockey Club is, I hear, to be fixed for the latter end of next or the beginning of the following month, over the Cowper's Plains race course.

The undermentioned persons received general licenses for the ensuing year, at the annual licensing meeting held at the Court House, Brisbane, on the 15th instant. For North Brisbane: David Bow, Victoria Hotel; Benjamin Lee, Shepherd and Flock Inn; John Burgess, Sawyers' Arms; Michael Sheehan, St. Patrick.—South Brisbane: Robert Rowland, the Brisbane Hotel; David Burton, Woolpack Inn; Andrew Graham, Harp of Erin; John Williams, Captain Piper.—Kangaroo Point: W. H. Berry, Bush Inn; Joseph Brenan, St. Patrick.—Wojoroo: John Stevens, the Settlers' Arms.—Ipswich: George Thorne, Queen's Arms Hotel; R. E. Dix, Travellers' Home Hotel.—At the Old Man's Water Hole: Samuel Owens.—Lockyer's Creek: W. Bonifant, Half-way House.—At Cunningham's Gap: John Young, Bush Inn.

The operations of the boiling down establishment at Kangaroo Point has been removed to recently erected buildings on the point, which have been fitted under the superintendence of Mr. John Campbell, in a superior manner, combining economy of labour with despatch; in fact, those who have visited the place speak of its being unique of its kind. Mr. C. has, upon the true Yankee principle, (he being an American) placed a large establishment in a little space, avoiding unnecessary expense—the whole operations of slaughtering, salting, boiling down, wool washing, &c., done, I may say, under one roof, with due regard to cleanliness, and careful attention to the business in hand; the buildings being on the banks of the river, the tallow, hides, beef, &c., are rolled on board from the cooperage to the vessel, without any additional expense for cartage. A splendid paddock of some hundreds of acres are fenced in for the reception of sheep and cattle intended for slaughter; and I am happy to say the proprietors have the satisfaction of knowing that their outlay will be amply returned, as about 1000 head of cattle are already booked for the pot.

The weather has been all the heart can wish; occasional rains, with fine growing season, the ground fine and mellow for the plough.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

To the "Elector" in this Day's Herald.

Sir,—I should not for a moment trespass in the valuable columns of this daily organ of all that's going on in the world, but for your letter upon the District Election. I don't think you have been much abroad for your information, or else you surely would have been more at home in your remarks; and notwithstanding all your points and italics about "*ability*," "*inclination*," "capabilities," "*surrendering the charter*," and so on, I can perceive all the way through, that the whole bow of your envy is bent at the City Council: nay, by you, to elect *them* would be *disgraceful*. A certain kind of bolt is soon shot, and in this instance you have overshot yourself to a self-conviction, palpable as the "bull's eye." When a man makes public target of himself, you are aware that every fool will pop at him.

The nomination this day, was just such as might have been expected. The numbers were quite sufficient to show that the first four were virtually the men elected; the fifth only having four hands held up for him. And, it was pretty evident, from the attention paid by the Warden to the exposition of their duty, expressed by two of the candidates, that he was at all events satisfied their being elected was not *disgraceful*. It will be seen on the day of election, the little qualification you hold, in the opinion of other electors.

Perhaps, Sir, it never struck you, that economy of labour is the great "*study of mankind*" now-a-days. That the poor man is to get some fair return for his labour. And that the working together of the two Councils, in the division of labour by mutual and proper understanding, may produce the greatest amount of labour, at the least comparative rates of reasonable cost! But, perhaps, this is too difficult, or too common a subject for an authority so high as yours—that talks about the "*confiscation of unproductive lands*," as if a man ever sold that which nobody would buy!" You must mean that or nothing.

With regard, Sir, to "*pledging a candidate to a measure before he votes*" (as you advise) certainly that is a spice of that very sort of *self-interest* and *surrender* of honest principles which I hope and trust is not to be found in any one man (besides yourself) of the whole 600 electors in the list of the Sydney district.

COBBETT.

LAMBSKINS.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—Your article respecting lambskins opens up a new source of profit both to the settlers and merchants, and I was in hopes you would ere this have followed the matter up. As you have not done so, perhaps the accompanying information may be considered worthy of a place in your columns.

Yours, &c.,

A WORKING MAN.

Botany, May 6th.

Lambskins afford excellent leather for the formation of gloves, breeches, and even shoes, being usually pliant, and consequently capable of being worked into particular forms with great facility. Lambskins are, however, principally employed in their natural state, that is, with the wool on, in trimming gloves, covering muffs, and adorning different articles of dress. The skins, the wool of which is short, are used in trimming gloves; those with thin soft wool, are made into muffs, and such as are covered with close coarse wool, resembling hair, are employed as furs. The price of lambskins varies according to the fineness, the brilliancy, and the colour of the wool.

Black lambskins are seldom to be met with perfectly black; but since the introduction of the merino breed of sheep into this country, the white fleeces are, in point of quality, arrived at a pitch of perfection which justly entitles them to be ranked with some of the best fleeces in Spain. In Piedmont, Lombardy, Tuscany, and other parts of Italy, the lambskins called Turins are to be met with; the fleeces of these are black, short, soft, and glossy. It is usual with the Italians to salt their lambskins for exportation, but this is highly improper, as such a process materially injures the fleeces; they ought invariably to be exported dry. The lambskins of Spain are black as well as white, and the fleeces are usually short and fine; vast quantities of these skins are sent into France and Germany. In the latter country the peasantry use them as clothing, even in the fleece, and the women make them into under-petticoats, turning the woolly side inwards. The French lambskins are much of the same quality as the English, yet are frequently sold both in France and Germany as Spanish skins. The German and Russian lambskins differ very little from the French; but the skins brought from Astracan, Tartary, and Persia, are held in the highest estimation throughout Europe. The fleeces of Astracan are smooth, glossy, and black; they are used in the Levant for trimming caps, turbans, and other articles of dress. Those of Persia are close and curly, and are most valuable when of a greyish colour. The Poles purchase vast quantities of the Persian lambskins, which they employ in the manner of furs.

The Persian skins of that description are called slink lambskins. This designation is given to them from the circumstance of their being cut out of the womb of the dam before the natural period of gestation has elapsed. This cruel operation, which of course causes the death of the ewe, is said to be the chief cause of the repute which Persian lambskins have so long enjoyed. It is not, however, invariably practised by the sheep owners of Persia, who have another equally efficacious, and certainly less barbarous mode of rendering their lambskins superior in quality to those of other nations. As soon as the lambs are yeaned, the shepherd wraps each of them up in a sort of swaddling-coat, which at first is tightly laced round the animal, but loosened in proportion as it increases in size. This method, it is said, causes the fleece to curl and undulate, and renders it glossy, smooth, and fine. The fleeces of the Crim Tartarian lambs differ from the Persian in being longer, not all curly, but merely undulated. The intrinsic value of these skins is very great, for they are extremely durable. Their price is the same as that of the Persian skins, namely, from 12 to 15 piastres. The lambskins of Astracan, Persia, and Crim Tartary, are carried in immense quantities to the fairs of Leipsic and Frankfort, principally by the Jews who deal in furs. These are generally dry (being very rarely salted) when exposed to sale.

Great discoveries have recently been made respecting the perfection to which the fleeces of the sheep on the northern states of the American Union may, with care, be brought, and experiments are now making in various parts, as well with the wool of the sheep as with the skins of the lambs.

THE GOVERNMENT GARDENS.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—The Government Gardens, as they are called, are a favourite resort of many of the citizens, and constantly visited by strangers; being also an occasional visitor, I have often thought that it would add greatly to the attractions of these beautiful gardens, and confer a benefit upon the botanical student, if the plants were numbered, with reference to a catalogue, to be printed, containing the names, with a short description of the class, order, and uses, or known properties of each. A small charge for each copy of such catalogue, would probably defray the expense of labels, printing, &c. My object in thus addressing you is to call the attention of the Committee, to whose management the gardens are entrusted, in the hope that something of the sort may be adopted.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,

BURSARIA.

Sydney, May 5.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

As to the Squatter, he's not a being to be reasone with.—*Gaffer Gray's Letter, in Sydney Morning Herald, 19th February, 1845.*

Gentlemen,—Such was the assertion of the redoubtable Gaffer Gray of my brother squatters in his last letter. I trust the day is not far distant when he, and his now all-powerful (by sufferance) employers, shall be taught a lesson for this contumely. The delusion as to the benefits to be derived by the colony from *British bank capital* is fast passing away, the curtain is gradually drawing up; the day coming, when the squatters will not submit to be plucked of their capital, or robbed of the fruits of their industry and perilous adventure, by the decrees of a board of money dealers in London.

The protection of my brother graziers, strange to say, consists most in the intensity of their sufferings, past and present; the Government, like a half starved lion, has exercised the prerogative of the monarch of the forest with a vengeance; whilst the two Banks, vulture-like, have been hovering aloft for their chance, and thimble-rigging the exchanges, seemed most likely to give them their share of the spoil.

The true John Bull blood of the British public abhors persecution and oppression, and loves fair play; the English school-boy would scorn to strike his very foe when down; fear not, then, my brother squatters the sympathy of the British public, for our situation is aroused, and will compel Lord Stanley to muzzle his terrible lion.

Since I last addressed you I have been sojourning in the bush with my flocks, beguiling away the evening over your paper; delay of the post has given me six at once—that of the 22nd April has a letter from a Settler, who has smarted under the effect of the combined operations of the Anglo Banks on the Exchange, which I happily escaped; to accomplish this my whole attention was directed to understand their movements, and the cruelty and danger (if not illegality) of such a combination to the wool-grower, I have attempted as much to expose as their champion Gaffer Gray has to justify.

The dealers, shopkeepers, and tradesmen of Sydney and other towns must not fancy they do not suffer because they do not *directly* feel it. I can tell them had I been robbed of 7½ or 10 per cent. on my last clip of wool, more than one of your neighbours in George-street must have waited another year for payment of their bills.

I am proud to say I feel much encouraged in my endeavours to draw the attention of my brother squatters to the importance of union, and keeping a careful watch on the operations of monster institutions, whose interest and prosperity is positively antagonistic to that of the general weal of the colony; many of my visitors travelling to the southward have approvingly enquired, who is the "Suffering Squatter?"—I rejoin, what squatter has not suffered! Settler seems to know that my information, touching the boon the English Directors would have conferred on the colony by their instructions to run down the exchange to a discount of 10 per cent., was correct; let Gaffer Gray now show that had not our colonial institutions—Robin Hood and Little John—come forward, that we should not have been screwed down to that figure, and the colony plundered of £80,000 in a few months; let him vindicate such acts if he can; but let not Settler imagine they will not *try the trick again* in due season; the serpent is only scotched, not killed, and therefore let not my pastoral friends be lulled into fancied security: for, believe me, it is not lack of disposition to attempt, but their want of ability and talent, to carry out their projects that will render them abortive; they move their thimbles so quickly that they forget which the pea is under.

And now, gentlemen, allow me to remark, that I perfectly agree with your comment on your correspondent's Settler's letter. The miller would as certainly *grind down* the community by monopoly and combination, as would foreign capitalists the squatters and settlers. How often, in all countries, has not the press been compelled to expose the extortions of these rogues in grain.

Believe me, little honour it is to subscribe myself,

A SUFFERING SQUATTER.

YASS.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—The dry weather has at length ceased here, and we have had within the last few days two splendid days' rain. The plough and harrow are therefore hard at work, and the fields look green as spring-time, and give every promise of an abundant spring.

The *Atlas* advises the surrender of the district charters of incorporation!—just as if persons even in a moderate state of sense would adopt such a measure on the bare advice of a writer in a paper, or even of that of all the editors in the universe, yourselves added to the number.

My opinion is, that the District Councils should form themselves into compact and respectable bodies. A remonstrance from the whole (should occasion require it) to the Governor for the time being could not fail of success; but should it even, a protest would in all probability have the desired effect. I have reasoned with the respectable parties in this district, and they have in almost every instance come to my way of reasoning.

The past has given us proof positive that parties can manage their own affairs much better than others could or would—and I am of opinion that the various districts of the colony, if well worked, would be much more likely to perform all that was necessary for their well being, than a legislature—each fighting through its representatives to get the greatest possible haul of the public funds for its own community.

But at the same time the Government must give up all the local revenue of each district to meet the wants of the individual districts to which it belonged; such as public-house licenses, fees of courts, &c.

A GRAZIER.

NATIVE GUMS.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—While the public are directing their attention to the produce of the forests, the following hints may be of service in further eliciting the resources of the colony. In speaking of the gum trees we seem to have forgotton what led to their being so called. Many will no doubt suppose that the new export, Gum, must be the produce of the said *gum* trees (*Eucalyptus*), unless enlightened by the additional word, wattle. The wattle trees (*Mimosa*) of which there are several species with similar properties, are those which produce the exportable article, and, considering the value of the bark which is obtained from them, may be considered the most valuable of the indigenous trees. By late accounts, published in your paper, bark realised from £8 to £10 per ton, and the extract about twice as much. What renders the bark valuable is its strong astringency, arising from a large proportion of tannin contained in it. The extract is this tannin more or less pure, the only part of the bark which is of any use to the tanner and dyer, and in proportion to its strength is its value. Now, the substance that exudes from the *gum* trees, erroneously called *gum*, is in my opinion no less than *pure tannin*. My reasons for thinking so are: 1. It is much more astringent to the taste than the wattle extract. 2. It is of the same colour, a clear transparent red. 3. When moist on the tree it has, though faintly, the smell of the tan pit. 4. Iron blackens, or rather blues it, (of which this letter is a proof, for I am writing, for the experiment sake, with a solution of this tannin (?) on paper moistened with sulphate of iron. Whether this substance be tannin or not, it is undoubtedly a most powerful astringent—the one thing needful to the tanner and dyer, and could not fail of realising in the London market a price at least equal to the wattle extract. It has the advantage of requiring no expense in preparation, and may be obtained in any quantity. The bark also of the trees is very astringent when green, but the *peelings* in spring appear to leave their astringency behind them.

Is the fragrant gum-resin of the grass-tree of any use? I understand it was exported some years ago; but for what purpose or why discontinued "deponent saith not."

GUM.

May 3.

ENGLISH EXTRACTS.

THE EXPERIMENTAL BRIGS.

(From the United Service Gazette.)

We have already on several occasions adverted to these vessels, and, as we announced their return to Plymouth on yesterday week, so now, from sources that may be relied upon, we purpose giving a brief history of their construction, and the particulars of their cruise.

With a liberality that does credit to the Admiralty, a competition in building them was allowed according to the builders' own peculiar theory; and the following is their dimensions:

	Length on Load-Water-line. ft. in.	Extreme Breadth. ft. in.	Load-draught of Water. fore. ft. in.	aft. ft. in.
Flying Fish, by Surveyor	100 3	32 4	12 4	14 0
Daring, by Mr. White	102 6	31 4	12 6	16 0
Espiegle, by Naval School	104 0	31 8	12 6	14 6
Osprey, by Mr. Blake	100 0	31 10	12 0	14 4
Mutine, by Mr. Fincham	100 6	31 10	12 6	14 0

The following has been given as the dimensions of their masts and yards:—

	Length. ft.	in.	Diam. in.
Main-mast from the deck to lower side of trussel-trees	46	3	23
Head	12	0	
Main top-mast, whole length, head included	42	6	14
Head	5	0	
Main top-gallant-mast, from lower side of fid-hole to hounds	20	0	8
Pole	13	6	
Main-yard, whole length, yard-arms included	58	0	13½
Yard-arms, each	2	5	
Main topsail-yard, whole length, yard-arms included	43	0	9½
Yard-arms, each	3	7	
Main top-gallant-yard, whole length, yard-arms included	28	6	7
Yard-arms, each	1	2	
Main royal-yard, whole length, yard-arms included	21	0	4½
Yard-arms, each	0	10	
Fore-mast, from deck to lower side of trussel-trees	41	9	22
Head	11	0	
Fore-top-mast, whole length, head included	39	6	14
Head	5	4	
Fore-top-gallant-mast, from lower side of fid-hole to hounds	18	6	7
Pole	12	6	
Fore-yard, whole length, yard-arms included	52	6	12½
Yard-arms, each	2	3	
Fore-topsail-yard, whole length, yard-arms included	39	0	8½
Yard-arms, each	3	3	
Fore-top-gallant-yard, whole length, yards-arms included	26	0	6½
Yard-arms, each	1	1	
Fore royal-yard, whole length, yard-arms included	19	6	4
Yard-arms, each	0	10	
Gaff	37	0	8½
Boom	57	0	13½
Bowsprit, exclusive of housing	27	6	22
Jib-boom	30	0	9½

We have heard that by stepping the *Daring's* foremast about 2 feet farther aft than was intended, she spreads upwards of 50 yards more canvas in her fore course than the others.

To these were added in the trials that were to take place, the *Cruizer*, an old 18-gun brig reduced to a 16, built by Sir W. Rule in 1828. The *Waterwitch*, 10, built by Mr. White, of Cowes, and a crack vessel on the coast of Africa; and the *Pantaloon*, 10, built by Sir W. Symonds, the rival of the *Waterwitch*. These brigs were promptly fitted out, and the appointments of the several Commanders, with their period of service, will be found in the *United Service Gazette* of September 14th. The Squadron, under the superintendence of Captain A. L. Corry, in the *Firebrand*, steam-frigate, sailed from Spithead on the 22nd October. Why it was delayed to so late a period in the year, when strong gales might naturally be expected, is beyond general comprehension: for though we do not wish our seamen to become mere bumboaters, yet it is hardly judicious to try their constitutions in the weather they have experienced, and which has caused from fifteen to twenty on the sick list of each vessel.

On the 23rd October, in the afternoon, then near the south-east end of the Isle of Wight, the brigs were ranged in a line abreast—the *Pantaloon* and *Waterwitch* being rather in the rear. The signal for starting was made, the wind light and variable from E. to E. by S., and the course W.N.W. and then W. by N. The brigs continued in a line for some time with royals and studding-sails on both sides, and running at the average rate of seven and a half knots per hour. After a run of nearly four hours, the *Flying Fish* and *Pantaloon* had gained the lead about half a mile, being nearly abeam of each other—the other vessels, with the exception of the *Osprey*, pretty well equal; but the *Osprey* a mile astern of them. It was fine throughout, with smooth water. At four o'clock the signal was made by the Commodore to form divisions as follows:—

Starboard Division.	Larboard Division.
Espiegle	*Cruizer*
Daring	*Pantaloon*
Mutine	*Waterwitch*
Osprey	*Flying Fish.*

Firebrand (leading).

Oct. 29.—Moderate breeze at S.W. by W. Started at 11h. 15m. a.m., close hauled on the larboard tack, carrying royals, and going at the rate of about six knots. At 1h. 15m. p.m. wind shifted to W.S.W., and at 2h. it came W. by N., and the trial ceased. *Flying Fish* first, *Daring* second, *Pantaloon* third, *Osprey* fourth, *Waterwitch* fifth, *Cruizer* sixth, a long way astern. The *Mutine* and *Espiegle* did not try.

Oct. 30.—Fresh breeze, weather hazy, and nasty swell; unable to carry top-gallant sails. Worked to windward for five hours. At the close, the positions were—*Daring* first, *Pantaloon* second, close to the *Daring*, *Flying Fish* third, *Waterwitch* fourth, *Osprey* fifth, the others a long way astern. Rate—six knots.

Oct. 31.—A spanking top-gallant breeze, and thick weather. Three hours' trial by the wind. At the close—*Daring* first, *Pantaloon* second, *Flying Fish* third, *Waterwitch* fourth, *Espiegle*, *Mutine*, *Osprey*, and *Cruizer*, to leeward and astern. Rate—six knots.

Nov. 5.—The trials were not resumed till this day, *Daring* not in company, having parted in a gale. Pleasant breeze at N. by E. ½ E. and swell from N.E.; some of the vessels carrying royals and flying-jib. At 1h 5m. p.m., the squadron made sail, and tacked and shortened sail at 4h. 30m. *Flying Fish* first, *Waterwitch*, *Pantaloon*, and *Mutine* second, nearly equal; the others were far astern and to leeward. Rate of going about five knots.

Nov. 6.—*Daring* joined again. Light winds, going free, all sails set. After a run of about four hours and a quarter, the position of the brigs was—*Flying Fish* first, *Daring* second, *Pantaloon* third, *Mutine* fourth, *Cruizer* fifth, *Osprey* and *Waterwitch* (equal) sixth, *Espiegle* seventh. Rate from six to seven knots.

Nov. 8.—Strong breeze and squally, with wind at W.N.W. at starting, but veered to W. by S. by one o'clock. A heavy swell from the westward—working to windward under double-reefed topsails. Made sail at 10h. 45m., a.m. At a quarter past noon the *Flying Fish* carried away her jib-boom, and struck her fore-top-gallant-mast. At 5h., p.m., shortened sail. Position—*Daring* first, well on the weather gage, *Waterwitch* second, *Flying Fish* third, *Mutine* fourth, *Pantaloon*, *Espiegle*, *Osprey*, and *Cruizer*, well astern. Rate of sailing from five to five and half knots. At noon, latitude 47 deg. 13m. N.; longitude, 8 deg. 20 min. west.

Nov. 9 and 10.—Strong gales and squally, with heavy cross sea. Squadron parted company, the *Flying Fish*, *Daring*, and *Waterwitch* keeping together. They assembled again on the 17th, having experienced much bad weather, and the sick list beginning to increase its numbers.

Nov. 18.—Moderate breeze at S.S.W., with a heavy swell from N.W. At 10h. 28m. a.m. made sail on the starboard tack close-hauled; at 4h. p.m. ordered to take stations. At this time the positions were—*Daring* first, *Flying Fish* second (very near together), *Espiegle* third, *Waterwitch* fourth, the others a long way to leeward and astern. The *Pantaloon* still absent. Rate of going from four and a half to five and a half knots. At noon, latitude 45 deg. 59 m. N., longitude 9 deg. 26 m. West. *Pantaloon* still absent.

Nov. 19.—Fine top-gallant breeze, with a swell from the westward. At 9h. 30m. a.m., made all sail close at it, *Daring* getting to windward. At 11h. a.m., signal made to shorten sail and take stations. At 11h. 30m. a.m., signal to steer E.S.E., wind at S.W. made all sail, with the breeze on the starboard quarter. At 4h. 30m. p.m., shortened sail per signal. Positions—*Flying Fish* and *Daring* (nearly equal) first, *Mutine* second, *Espiegle* third, *Osprey* fourth, *Waterwitch* fifth, *Cruizer* sixth. Rate of sailing from nine to ten knots. At noon, latitude 45 deg. 48m. N., longitude 9 deg. 31m. W.

Nov. 21st.—Pleasant breeze. Went away with the wind abeam, with royals set, two hours' trial. At the close, *Daring* first, *Flying Fish* a close second, *Espiegle* and *Mutine* an equal third, *Waterwitch* fourth, *Cruizer* fifth, *Osprey* sixth; rate of running from eight and a half to nine and a half knots. *Pantaloon* joined company, but was not permitted to try her speed, as she had been allowed to fill her tanks with water.

Nov. 23.—Fine breeze. Went away with the wind on the quarter; but we have not been able to ascertain correctly the positions at the close. The same may be said of the subsequent trials in which the *Flying Fish* and *Daring* maintained their superiority.

The Brig Squadron returned to Plymouth yesterday week, every one happy that the trials are thus far at an end, for they, as well as the vessels, have had their frames severely tried. Mr. White has certainly great reason to be proud of his *Daring*; she is a superb vessel, and so is the *Flying Fish*, by the Surveyor of the Navy. The *Daring* displayed an evident superiority on a wind, but it must be remembered that she draws two feet more water than the *Flying Fish*, and carries seventy tons of ballast, whereas the *Flying Fish* has only thirteen. Next in regular succession to the *Daring* and *Flying Fish*, as to qualities, we may name the *Mutine*, *Espiegle*, *Waterwitch*, *Pantaloon*, and *Osprey*.

STATE OF IRELAND.

(From the Atlas.)

Notwithstanding all that O'Connell can do to keep up the repeal agitation, Ireland is fast settling down into comparative political tranquillity, as the consent of the Roman Catholic Bishops to the Charitable Bequests Bill, and the interest taken by the Irish country gentlemen of all shades of opinion in the existing railway speculations, sufficiently prove. A current has set in which will act as a soothing power upon the troubled minds of the people, who will soon be far too deeply immersed in schemes and projects of practical utility, to care for barren agitations for organic changes. A remarkable indication of this growing feeling is seen in the friendly union of repealers and anti-repealers in the Irish deputations which visit the Government on the subject of these Irish railways. Every political difference seems drowned in the one grand object of improving their own property, the condition of the people, and the resources of the country. The friendly reception which they are said to have met with from the Premier, and the cordial interest which he took in the furtherance of their views, must have had no slight effect in removing from their minds many of those prejudices and antipathies which have hitherto filled them. Many a member of the Irish railroad deputations will return to his native country with a more improved temper, and a more kindly disposition towards the people and the government of England. In fact, there is generally a greater degree of hostility between rival parties contending for a line, than between themselves and the government—so much so, that it is reported it was often necessary to separate the rivals, and to grant no official interview to one until the other was out of sight, for fear of their coming to actual blows.

The course of railway speculation shows that a vast influx of British capital into Ireland will take place in the course of next year. No doubt it will have its emollient effects. Meanwhile, it is not right in the Government to trust everything to the efforts of private enterprise. It has a public duty to perform, for which the present rare chance affords a favourable opportunity. While Ireland is manifestly feeling the soothing effects of employment, a good harvest, and the creation of the great lines of railway, both in north and south Wales, and in her own internal districts, it behoves the Government to bethink themselves of their land commission, and to announce to the Irish people the nature of the good which they have in store for them. Nothing has happened since the termination of the last session to prove that the settlement of the landlord and tenant question is at all less pressing than it was. On the contrary, the horrid murders which have recently taken place in various counties show that the dreadful system of oppression and revenge is still actively at work, and that no lessons will teach either mercy and consideration to the one class, or passive endurance to the other. The land is the only means of living to the bulk of the Irish people. They must have it or die. The exercise of *any* rights of property, other than those which present custom recognises, when it involves the death of human beings, becomes very doubtful under existing circumstances. True, the ejecting landlord may plead direct benefit to himself, and remote and indirect benefit to his serfs, by his improvements and ejectments; he may likewise plead the custom of other parts of the kingdom, and his general legal rights; but the answer to this is, the circumstances of Ireland are peculiar: you destroy a generation upon the plea of benefiting posterity. You are forbidden by the moral law, if not by the statute law, to do evil that good may come. For our parts, when we look upon these barbarous and senseless murders, this destruction of the innocent instruments of another's will by the blind infuriate peasantry, goaded on by despair and famine, and bound by a ruthless indiscriminating oath of obedience, we are forced to come to the conclusion that the guilt and responsibility of the system rests, in the main, upon the legislature which sanctions such a system of laws, and not upon the ignorant wretches who deal out their wild revenge. To attack it in detail—to plant horse and foot in the disturbed districts—to invoke the terrors of the hangman and the gaol—to proclaim martial law, and to pass an insurrection act, may repress crime and misery for a time, but nothing short of fixity of tenure will eradicate it entirely. Again we say, *Salus populi lex suprema.*

THE TAXES ON COTTON AND PAPER.

(From the Atlas.)

Although the public entertain no great hopes that any remission of the great taxes—such as the Income Tax, the Malt Tax, or the Corn Tax—will take place in the ensuing session, it is conceived that some alterations in such minor taxes as those on paper, cotton, &c., may be forced upon the Government, if proper exertions are made by the public. That tea will be included in the list of modified articles we can hardly expect, after the doubtful language held by Lord Sandon at the Liverpool dinner to Sir Henry Pottinger. Sugar, likewise, will be kept out of the reach of the people until the very last moment, unless the new American President, on his installation into office, on the meeting of Congress, should proceed to work vigorously, and insist upon the fulfilment of the "most favoured nation" clause contained in the treaty between the two countries. In that case our Ministry might feel themselves compelled to give way under the "pressure from without." But much will depend upon the tone of President Polk. If he is peremptory on the point (as he may, perchance, prove to be under the forced abolition of the American tariff), our Government must either prepare to concede the smaller, or risk a seizure of Oregon and Texas, or an invasion of Canada, which, under existing circumstances, might prove embarrassing.

The tax of ten per cent. on the prime cost of cotton amounts to £500 a year on the consumption of a very small manufacturer; to £5000 a year on that of a large one; and to not less than £600,000 a year on the consumption of the country at large. As it presses with greatest weight on the coarsest descriptions of cloths, with which foreigners compete, and as our exports constitute five-sixths of our total manufactures, it follows that this tax presses with a deadly weight upon the main springs of our industry, and acts as a counteracting force to all the other advantages of skill and capital which we possess. It injures us in the markets of America, where coarse English cloths have been long excluded, not by the operation of the American tariff, but by the superior intrinsic cheapness of the American goods of a similar description. One half of the exports to China in 1843 consisted of American coarse cottons, or "domestics," as they are called. We are, therefore, in imminent danger of being undersold in that great market so soon as American skill has advanced a step farther. When it is considered that English merchants could monopolise the whole of this great China trade *but for the cotton duties*, some idea may be formed of the necessity and importance of their abolition. Nor is this foreign competition limited to China. Accounts from Monte Video, Buenos Ayres, Valparaiso, Lima, Manila, Singapore, the West Indies, and Canada, all concur in describing the American goods as uniformly gaining ground in the markets. So prosperous are the American spinners, that they contemplate an addition to their manufacturing power of 400,000 spindles in six or eight months.

These observations do not include the German manufacturers, and the surpassing progress which they are making. Our cotton duties are quite heavy enough to counterbalance the additional cost of transport of the raw material to which Germany is subjected, so that every consideration of self-preservation and humanity tends to the abolition of a duty which inflicts a tenfold harm upon the resources of the country, as compared with the amount of direct revenue which it brings to the Treasury.

The duty on paper is another crying shame. It is a tax upon knowledge and education, which acts injuriously upon all ranks and orders, and is a serious check to the convenience and intercourse of society at large. The duty on this prime instrument of civilisation was and is enormous. In 1836, it was reduced from 3d. to 1½d. per lb. A variety of vexatious and irrational restrictions have made the trade in paper as an article of export extremely trifling and unimportant: and what makes the case worse, the foreign maker, who is allowed to send his paper here in bond, to be shipped for our colonies free of duty, is not subjected to any of these injurious regulations.

No partial exemption of this obnoxious impost will be either effectual or endurable. The tax on paper must be totally repealed. Literature, science, education, Christianity, demand it. On the other hand stands the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and points to some paltry annual thousands, which ought to be regarded more as the index of what his tax has *prevented*, than of what it has raised. Every person knows that the cost of paper is an important element in the price of a book only. One out of three of all the books that are published produce no profit. The additional employment which a remission of the tax would give to paper-makers, printers, binders, and other trades connected with the manufacture, would be enormous. As an instance of what would be effected by abolishing it, we may mention that 20,000 persons are employed in Paris in making ornamented paper boxes for fancy articles to be sold in England at a duty of 10 per cent. *ad valorem*; while the English maker is subjected to a duty of 100 per cent. Nothing can be more unfair. When distressed needlewomen are starving in thousands in this great metropolis, the abolition of this one tax would afford the means of subsistence to 20,000 of them, who could be advantageously employed in this one article of manufacture. When we consider all the immense ramifications of a tax on an article of general consumption, and how it *burkes* ingenious art and stifles employment, we are almost led to advocate the abolition of all indirect taxes, and the substitution of one fair Property Tax, if it were practicable.

Statistics of the Past Racing Season.—The following summary of the results of the turf-season, recently concluded, will doubtless prove of interest to our readers. The net amount of stakes won, during that period (exclusive of winners' stakes and expenses, and cups, &c., of whose value no accurate statement can be given,) was £165,796, distributed among 526 winning horses, whose ages were as follows:—78 aged, 42 six-year-olds, 68 five-year-olds, 94 four-year-olds, 158 three-year-olds, 72 two-year-olds, and 18 of whose ages we have no account. Alice Hawthorn has won the greatest number of races of any animal during the year—viz., 20½ out of 23, value £3645. Colonel Peel's Orlando (including the Derby) has won the greatest amount of stakes, £7325. Cotherstone last year won £13,790. Foig-a-Ballagh (with the Leger, Cesarewitch, &c.,) has won £5950; the Princess (including the Oaks,) is a winner of £3650; Sorella, £4530; Ithuriel, £4275; Aristides, £3260; The Cure, £2420; The Era, 2428; Franchise, £2085; Red Deer, £3180; All-round-my-Hat, £2725: Refraction, £3282½; Algernon, £2015; Buzz, £1800; Monimia colt, £1800; Cowl, £1750; Counsellor, £1599; Evenus, £1690; Joe Lovell, £1830; Lancashire Witch, £1760; Longitude, £1800; Maid of Orleans, £1873½; Oakley, £1550; Ugly Buck, £1600; William-le-Gros, £1680.

Notices and Plans of New Railways.—Saturday week has proved the most memorable 30th November recorded in the history of the railway world: 220 notices and plans of new railways were that night deposited on the shelves of the Board of Trade. Such a hurried, desperate week as the last of November was never know. Engineers, solicitors, surveyors, lithographers, engravers, slept only two nights out of six. Strings of cabs and carriages might be seen in long file at the doors of all engaged in the fray; and as evening closed in these were exchanged for travelling chaises and four fleet posters, ready to drive as fast as hoof and purse would carry, to anticipate, if even by a second, the stroke of the midnight bell. Many of the plans have been deposited in a very imperfect state—some have not been deposited at all, or at least too late. But on the whole it is not too much to say that such extreme haste in surveying lines ann getting ready for parliament was never before known. And now, what are parliament and the Board of Trade to do? The latter have now to examine, understand, compare, consider, and decide the contending claims of 220 lines. We have began to lay some of them down on our map, and already it is a confused unintelligible maze. The question is now how to get rid of half or two-thirds of the lines. The standing orders will not do it, for people—ay, and good people—have actually subscribed all the money, and are ready to subscribe more. Besides, some of the very best lines may be those which have *not*, in some respects, complied with the standing orders. We hear that the Board of Trade are in despair, and that all men are looking for some way out of the difficulties arising from this deluge of schemes. It is verily a thirteenth labour for some modern Hercules.—*Railway Chronicle.*

The Peasant, Policeman, and Peer.—We last week recorded the circumstance of a Liverpool policeman having been elevated to the Irish peerage by the title of Earl Tracy. A correspondent, who says he has an "intimate knowledge of the family," forwarded us the following:—"James Tracy, the policeman, who has recently been elevated to the peerage, was born in Geashill, a small village in the King's County, Ireland. He is the eldest of a large family, who was a tolerably good specimen of what O'Connell would call 'the finest pisantry in the world.' When a boy he was noticed by a gentleman of the neighbourhood, who took him into his house, where he acquitted himself so much to the gentleman's satisfaction, that he bestowed on him a liberal education, and procured him a situation in a counting-house. He subsequently married a lady of great beauty, with a fortune of about £2000. He then embarked in the wine and spirit business, and for some years had an establishment on Summerhill, Dublin. Under these circumstances of affluence he did not forget his parents' humble roof, and his brothers were appointed to minor offices in his establishment. His long-pending case in the Lords, however, drained his resources, and we next find him exercising the functions of a policeman in Liverpool. This might be said to be a 'step from the sublime to the ridiculous,' but lo! again the scene is changed, and we behold him a peer of the realm! possessing a fine, portly frame, that would not disgrace a monarch, added to a good and generous disposition, and an extensive knowledge of human nature."—*Bristol Mercury.*

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GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, MAY 6, 1845.

LAND SALE.

At eleven o'clock of Wednesday, the 14th May, the following portions of Crown lands will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Colonial Treasury, in Sydney, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively. Deposit, 10 per cent.

SUBURBAN LOTS.

Northumberland.—1. 21 acres, 2 roods, and 32 perches, Dempsey's Island, near Newcastle, No. 14. 2. 16 acres and 2 roods, same place, No. 23. 3. 20 acres, same place, No. 24. 4. 22 acres, same place, No. 25. 5. 20 acres, Moscheto Island, near Newcastle, No. 23. 6. 19 acres and 2 roods, same place, No. 24. 7, 8. 20 acres each, Nos. 25 and 26. Upset price £1 per acre.

Macquarie.—9. 1 acre and 34 perches, near the town of Port Macquarie, No. 2 of section 36. 10. 1 acre, 1 rood, and 17 perches, same place, No. 3 of section 36. Upset price, £4 per acre.

St. Vincent.—11. 46 acres, near Currowon, commencing at the Currowon Creek, No. 1. 12. 50 acres, same place, No. 2. 13. 17 acres, same place, commencing at the Clyde River, No. 3. 14. 40 acres, same place. 15. 42 acres, same place. Upset price, £1 per acre.

SPECIAL COUNTRY LOT.

Cumberland.—16. 9 acres, parish of St. George, portion No. 49. Upset price, £1 10s. per acre.

COUNTRY LOTS.

Gloucester.—17. 50 acres, parish of Tomaree, at Salamander Bay, Port Stephens. 18. 30 acres, same place. Upset price, £1 per acre.

LAND SALE.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 15th of May, the following Town Allotments of Land will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Colonial Treasury, in Sydney, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively. Deposit 10 per cent.

TOWN ALLOTMENTS.

Carcar.—1—4. 2 roods each, Nos. 3—6 of section 18. Upset price £8 per acre.

Parramatta.—5. 1 rood and 27 perches, No. 50 of section 26. 6. 1 rood and 28 perches, No. 51 of section 26. Upset price £25 per acre.

Bathurst.—7—15. 2 roods each, Nos. 1—8 of section 34, and No. 11 of section 31. Upset price, £8 per acre.

Mudgee.—16. 2 roods, No. 1 of section 10. Upset price £8 per acre.

Hartley.—17. 34 perches, No. 11 of section 9. 28. 3 roods and 19 perches, No. 7 of section 9. 29. 1 rood and 11 perches, No. 8 of section 10. 30. 1 rood and 15 perches, No. 4 of section 14. 31. 1 rood and 29 perches, No. 5 of section 14. Upset price £8 per acre.

Newcastle.—18. 46 perches, No. 274. 19—21. 36 perches each. Nos. 225—27. Upset price £50 per acre.

Raymond Terrace.—22—27. 2 roods each, Nos. 1—6 of section 16. Upset price £8 per acre.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd of May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Bathurst, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of 640 acres.

Bathurst.—1. 640 acres, at Caloola, Dunn's Plains.

Roxburgh.—2. 1015 acres, at Capertee; commencing at the north-east corner of John M'Lean's 300 acres grant at Worrangee. 3, 4. 640 acres each, near Capertee.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock, of Thursday, the 22nd of May, will be put up to auction, at the Police Office, Goulburn, the licenses to occupy the following portions of land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer, and at the Police Office of the District. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of £640 acres:—

Georgiana.—1. 1000 acres, at Wiarborough, Abercrombie River.

Argyle.—2. 800 acres, near Windellama.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 22nd of May, the Colonial Treasurer will put up to Auction, at the Colonial Treasury in Sydney, the licenses to occupy, under the regulations of 21st August, 1841, the following portions of land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasurer. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of 640 acres.

Georgiana.—1. 800 acres, at the Grove, Burrangylong Creek. 2. 640 acres, near Bigga, at the head of Kangaroo Creek. 3, 4. 640 acres each, parish unnamed, near Bigga.

King.—5. 800 acres, at Cullavin, at the head of Cullavin Creek. 6. 800 acres, at the head of the Lachlan. 7. 700 acres, at Jerrara. 14. 1150 acres, at Nelanglo, near the confluence of Nelanglo Creek with the Yass River.

Hunter.—8. 700 acres, near the Mellong Swamp.

Northumberland.—9. 650 acres, at Newport, Lake Macquarie.

Murray.—10. 1270 acres, at Jinglemoney, Shoalhaven River.

Phillip.—11. 800 acres, Nullo Mountains, at the head of Widden Creek.

Durham.—12. 1200 acres, near the head of Dry Creek. 18. 640 acres, one mile north of the confluence of Coorangoola Creek with Dry Creek.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

At eleven o'clock, of Thursday, the 22nd May, will be put up to Auction, at the Police Office, Port Macquarie, the Licenses to occupy the following portions of Land, for one year, from the 1st June, 1845. Further information respecting the land may be obtained from the Surveyor-General; and respecting the conditions from the Colonial Treasury, and at the Police Office of the district. The upset price of each lot is £5 per section of 640 acres.

Macquarie.—1. 640 acres, at Rollen's Plains, near the head of Bril Bril Brook. 2. 737 acres, on the Manning River, commencing from the north-east corner, being the south-east corner of Guilding's 2560 acres, on the left bank of the Kingston branch.

IMPOUNDINGS.

West Maitland.—By J. Crouch: Red-sided working bullock, face, back, belly, tail, and hind legs white, top off the off ear, split in near ear, branded on off rump, [illegible] over W, on ribs same side WC or WG; damages 6d. Also, by G. Turner: Bay horse, a little white on off hind fetlock, star in forehead, saddle marks, switch tail, branded on near shoulder MO, on off shoulder WT; damages, 6d. Also, by W. Geddies: Red and white spotted poley heifer, branded on off ribs 7E, an anchor and L under on off shoulder, apparently O and XCI under on off rump. Red or brown-sided cow, star in forehead, back, belly, and tail white, branded on near rump JJ over J, has a red or brown-sided heifer calf by her side, back and belly white, branded the same; damages, 1s. each. Also, by order of Mr. Doyle: Black or brown cow, branded on near rump S, near thigh EH, on off rump apparently JR conjoined, off thigh M, on ribs apparently 29. Brindle steer, star in forehead, belly, bottom of tail, and hind legs white, branded on off thigh M; damages, 6d each. Also, by Mr. C. Doyle: Red-sided bullock, star in forehead, shoulder, rump, belly, tail, and hind legs white, branded 11 on near rump, IS or JS off rump. Red and white spotted bullock, snail horns, branded 88 on ribs off side; damages, 6d. each. If the above are not released they will be sold in 24 days. J. Ledsam. 15s. 9d.

GOVERNESS.

REQUIRED in a respectable family in Sydney, a Governess capable of teaching French and Drawing, in addition to every branch of an English education.

All communications addressed to B., (post-paid), Post Office Sydney, will meet with immediate attention. 6720

FOR CASH.

WANTED to purchase, a COTTAGE with four or more rooms, in Sydney or its immediate neighbourhood. Apply (if by letter, post paid) to Mr. Armstrong, Surveyor, No. 7, Macquarie-street. 6529

BILLET WOOD WANTED.

ANY quantity of good dry billet wood will be received at the mills of the undersigned during all this month, and for which 4s. per ton will be paid.

THOMAS BARKER AND CO

Steam Mills, May 6. 6718

TO WORKING JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS.

FIRST-RATE workmen in the above trades will find constant employment, by applying to

COHEN AND SON,

Watchmakers, Jewellers, and Silversmiths, 479, George-street. 6611

WANTED, an Upholstress; none need apply who do not perfectly understand her business, and can give reference as to character. Application to be made to Mr. J. Hill, jun., Upholsterer and Undertaker, King street. 6757

NURSEMAID.

WANTED, a middle-aged English woman, to take charge of three children; who must be kind in her manners, and otherwise suitable. Enquire at the *Herald* Office. 6724

WANTED, a steady and respectable servant as Housemaid, in a small family, and to attend on two children. To a person qualified for such a situation, and with a good character from her last place, liberal wages will be given. Apply at the *Herald* Office. 6668

WANTED, a respectable female servant. Apply to Mrs. Colman, 453, George-street. 6741

MORETON BAY.

WANTED, a good Cook, of sober habits, to proceed to Brisbane Town, to whom good wages will be given. Apply to Mr. Ryan, on board the *Sovereign* steamer. 6707

WANTED, a ploughman, a bullock-driver, and a female servant. Apply to Richard Graham, "Labour in Vain," Sussex-street.

May 5. 6689

A YOUNG MAN wishes to obtain a situation as Cook, with a family residing at Maitland, can produce a good character from his last place. Apply to L., *Herald* Office. 6767

TO LET,

THAT well-known first-rate old-established HOTEL,

The ROSE INN, West Maitland

Situated in the very centre of the town, and convenient to East Maitland, having every possible convenience and accommodation for a good business. For further particulars apply to Mr. William Lipscomb, West Maitland, with whom the keys are now lying; or to the undersigned, if by letter post-paid.

AND,

In the best part of High-street, West Maitland,

AN EXTENSIVE SHOP,

With a handsome front, and Dwelling-House containing seven rooms, with detached kitchen and stabling,—the whole in thorough repair.

Also, to Let,

AN EXCELLENT DAIRY FARM, containing six hundred acres, situated on the LIVERPOOL ROAD, about thirteen miles from Sydney, well watered, and having on it an EXCELLENT COTTAGE and outbuildings, with GARDEN, and a splendid ORCHARD, NURSERY, and VINEYARD

For further particulars apply to

A. & S. LYONS,

5010 Pitt-street, Sydney

TO LET,

THAT Old and Established Licensed House, known as the Weatherboard Inn, on the Bathurst Road. It is completely furnished, and has all the necessary requisites for carrying on the business of an Inn; the tenant may have the furniture at a fair valuation, or it will be let with the house, provided the tenant gives security for the rent. Possession to be given on first of July next. To an industrious and active couple, the present is a good opportunity, as it will require but a small capital to begin with, and a moderate rent will be taken. A lease will be given for three or five years, as may be agreed upon.

Application to be made to Mr. Wm. Tress, Commission Agent, Bathurst; or to Mr. Walter Stewart, 34, Hunter-street, Sydney. 6157

SALES BY AUCTION.

TO DRAPERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

Coloured Velvets, Longcloth, Twills, Slops, Shawls, Prints, Grey Calico, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Assorted Slops, &c.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter-street,

This Day, the 7th May,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

One case black and coloured velvets
One case twilled longcloths
One case coloured twills
One case slops, viz.—jackets, vests, sealette and plush, boat cloaks, &c.
One case assorted slops
One case shawls
One case cambric handkerchiefs
One case prints
Two bales grey calico, 72 inches
Two bales super longcloths.

Terms at Sale. 6626

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY BALL!

To Silkmercers, Drapers, Dressmakers, and Others.

RICH SATINS, SILKS, COTILLE, VELUTE, PERSIANS, &c.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter-street,

This Day, the 7th May,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

TWO CASES, JUST LANDED, CONSISTING OF—

Rich French and English satins, viz., rich black, white, and coloured cotille, velute, stripes
Persians, Parisians, lutes, &c.

Terms at sale.

☞ The auctioneer, in calling the attention of all classes of buyers to the above superb selection of goods, assures them that they are selected expressly for this market, and the class of goods in demand at this season of the year. Purchasers should therefore avail themselves of the present opportunity. 6625

CUTLERY, JUST LANDED.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, near Hunter-street,

THIS DAY,

At Eleven o'clock precisely,

One case Cutlery, just landed, comprising an assortment of Razors, Knives, &c., &c., of a superior description.

Terms—Cash. 6743

WEDNESDAY'S SALE.

JOHN GILLON'S PRESERVED PROVISIONS,

FISH, FLESH, FOWL, VEGETABLE, AND JELLY SOUPS, MILK AND CREAM.

MR. STUBBS will sell by public auction, at the Mart, King-street,

(TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS,)

This Day, the 7th May,

At Twelve precisely,

PROVISIONS,

2000 lbs. Preserved in tins, from 1 lb. and upwards, in casks of about 140 weight.

ALSO,

WINES.

120 Cases of superior sherry
50 Cases high flavoured port
2 Certificates of gin (fine colour)
1 Certificate of brandy
2 Certificates tobacco.

BESIDES,

15 Boxes of soap
3 Casks of porter
10 Chests tea
50 Kegs of paint. 6602

TO GENTLEMEN AND BREEDERS OF HORSE STOCK.

On FRIDAY, 9th MAY,

AT THE CATTLE MARKET,

At twelve o'clock precisely,

BY MR. STUBBS,

BROOD MARES,

AND

IMPORTED BUFFALO COW (IN CALF).

MR. STUBBS is instructed to sell by public auction, at the above place and hour,

THE 9th of MAY,

The above Stock, described in the following manner, viz.:—

3 Brood Mares, in foal to the "WHITE ARAB"—"SINCLAIR"
11 Ditto ditto, in foal to the famous imported TROTTING HORSE "SHIELDS"
All handled and haltered.

ALSO,

An imported Buffalo Cow, in calf.

☞ The mares are "NIMROD PEDIGREE," and in foal to first-rate IMPORTED HORSES, which recommendation to any real judge of breeding stock must be quite sufficient guarantee that better produce cannot be procured,—some for the turf, and others for every useful purpose that the service of man can require for saddle, or smart carriage work.

Terms—Cash. 6461

TO DRAPERS, TAILORS, GENERAL DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Lower George-street, on

THURSDAY, the 8th INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock precisely,

Five cases of Hosiery, comprising,—
Men's cotton braces
Grecian boots
Saxony mitts
Children's fine socks
Children's coloured socks
Girls' white cotton hose
Women's cotton hose
Men's cotton hose
Men's brown cotton hose and half-hose
Women's black cotton hose
Men's worsted hose
Women's open work hose
One case waistcoats
Two cases super calicos
One case brown hollands

With a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. 6746

NOW LANDING, EX "CALEDONIA."

PICKLES, SALAD OIL, SAUCES, HERRINGS, STARCH, BLUE, BARLEY, PEAS, &c.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Lower George-street, on

FRIDAY, the 9th INSTANT,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

20 Cases, each 1 cwt., Colman's starch
10 ,, each 56 lbs., ditto ditto
10 ,, each 56 lbs, Colman's best Indigo blue
10 ,, each 1 dozen, Hesketh, Davis, and Co.'s quart pickles
10 ,, each 2 dozen, ditto ditto, pints
5 ,, each 4 dozen, ditto ditto, pints salad oil
2 ,, each 5 dozen, ditto ditto, half pints
2 ,, each 5 dozen, ditto ditto, jams and jellies
5 ,, each 2 dozen, ditto ditto, cans red herrings
5 ,, each 1 dozen, ditto ditto, ditto
2 ,, each 6 dozen, ditto ditto, sauces,—comprising, essence anchovies, walnut catsup, Harvey's, Davis's, beef-steak, &c., &c.
5 Barrels split peas
5 Barrels pearl barley
20 Cases, each five gallons, turpentine
2 Bales gunny bags
5 Jars Macabau snuff

Terms at sale. 6748

TO CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Lower George street,

On FRIDAY, 9th INSTANT,

At twelve o'clock precisely,

An invoice of DRUGS, lately imported, consisting of Seven Cases, &c., containing—
Citric acid, nitras ammon.
Amygd. amar., antim. tart. pulv., and sulph. præcip.
Fol. hyosciami and digitalis, gum copal
Sandrac mastic and myrrh, hydrarg. præcip., rub and alb
Hydrarg submur., indigo, ammon. carb.
Sulphuric acid in bottles, stoppered
Lig opii sedatis, carmine, cudbear
Conf. aromatic and rosæ, cerat, sabinæ
Ol. junipeii, carici, sabinæ, pulegii
Potass. bichrom., prussiate
Pulv. jalap and rhei, E. I. and Turkey, soda carb.
Pulv. hellebore and all., powd. ginger, rad. anachuræ
Safflower, salammoniac, shellac, quinine
Lint. ol. amygdall. ess., surgeon's tow
Twenty tins castor oil, best quality
Scales and weights, enema apparatus, breast pumps
Surgeon's twine, sponge

With a variety of other drugs and chemicals too numerous to mention.

Terms at sale. 6750

WITHOUT RESERVE.

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENTS.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street, on

FRIDAY, 9th MAY,

At half past Ten o'clock precisely,

One bale 31 inch bleached towelling
One bale hemp packing
One case Chusan dresses
One case assorted hosiery
One case figured Orleans cloth
One case bleached shirtings
One case drab moleskin trousers
One bale 10-4 and 11-4 diaper rugs
One bale 10-4 coloured counterpanes
One case twilled regatta shirtings
One case black and coloured merinos
One case imitation French merinos
One bale Welsh and Lancashire flannels
One bale cotton tick
Two bales grey domestics, assorted widths
Two bales heavy striped shirts
One bale heavy navy blue prints
Two bales assorted prints
One case drab moleskins
One bale white counterpanes and Marseilles quilts.

Terms—Cash. 675

CHILDREN'S SHOES.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Lower George street,

On THURSDAY, the 8th INSTANT,

Two trunks children's shoes, consisting of—
Cordovan
Coloured roan
Coloured morocco of all sizes.

Terms, at sale. 6747

SILVER PLATE, SUPERIOR SECOND HAND ENGLISH BUILT GIG, FRAMED ENGRAVINGS, COLORED AND PLAIN, BOOKS, &c.

MR. BLACKMAN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 489, George-street, on

FRIDAY, the 9th MAY,

At Eleven o'clock precisely,

Silver Plate, consisting of forks, spoons, ladles, &c.

A very superior wel -built English Gig, (built for the gentleman who brought it out) and in very excellent condition

The Engravings consist of—
One coloured engraving of the *Royal George*, yacht, conveying Her Majesty to Scotland, maple frame
The cutter yacht *Mystery*, (iron vessel) maple frame
The Loss of the West India Company's steam ship *Isis*, proof
The ship *Folkstone*, off Folkstone
The ship *Mellish*, going up Sydney Harbour
Her Majesty's Ship *Pearl*.

The above are by the famous Marine print engraver Huggins.

THE BOOKS AS FOLLOWS:

Potter's Grecian Antiquities, Leland's Demosthenes, Goldsmith's History of Greece, Johnson's Dictionary, Lempriere's Classical Dictionary, Hesiod, Greek Grammar, 2 vols.; Parkhurst's Greek Lexicon, Epitome ditto ditto, Antiquities of Greece, Homer's Illiad, Robertson's Navigation, Park's Chemical Catechism, French Grammar, Æschines and Demosthenes, Cicero's Orations, Ainsworth's Dictionary, Kelly's Spheries, Virgil, annexed English translation; Introduction to Writing Greek, Virgil, Cæsarii Commentarii, Horace, Stebbing's Boyle's Lectures, Basitorfe's Lexicon and Grammar, Hebrew; Lee's Hebrew Grammar, Sherlock's Sermons, 4 vols.; Sherlock on Prophesy, Leusden's Hebrew Bible, Waterland on the Eucharist, Collyon's Sacred Interpreter, Strillingfleet's Origines Sacra, Burnett's Exposition of the 39 Articles, Ball's Life and Sermons, 4 vols.; Ment's Brampton Lectures, Paley's Theology, Smith's Manual of Theology, Moshiem's Ecclesiastical History, Speculum Mundi, Brown's Characteristics, General Delusion, Hug's Grotius, Butler's Analogy, Gil Blas, Tom Cringle's Log, Spectator, British Novelist, Paradise Regained, Alison on Taste, Letters of Sir Thomas Fitz Osborne, &c., &c.

Terms at sale. 6783

Six Allotments of Land, with Houses, Cottages, and Buildings, Situate in the Town of Liverpool.

THE PROPERTY OF MR. J. P. LLOYD.

MR. BLACKMAN is instructed to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, 489, George-street, Sydney, on

MONDAY, the 12th day of MAY,

At twelve o'clock precisely,

The undermentioned valuable properties situate in the populous Town of "Liverpool," the main outlet to the Southern country; it is distant from Sydney by land only twenty miles, and is approachable by water for boats of 40 tons burthen by George's River up to the Government dam, erected for the purpose of dividing the salt water from the fresh, which has made Liverpool the best adapted town in the colony of New South Wales for the reception and support of a large population. The town possesses a Handsome Church, Roman Catholic Chapel, a Splendid General Hospital, Military Barracks, Court House, with numerous other private and business buildings, the streets are all at right angles, which adds much to the elegance of the town. The late Thomas Moore, Esq., has left certain lands, houses, &c., for the endowment of a College; there cannot remain a doubt on the minds of the most cautious, of the speedy advancement of this beautiful Town, and upon consideration they must admit that this is an excellent opportunity to invest their capital in the purchase of the undermentioned valuable properties.

Lot No. 1,

Contains the Auction Mart and Cottage containing five Rooms, with out-offices, all brick-built; it possesses a frontage to Moore-street of 43 feet 9 inches by a depth of 139, as per plan.

Lot No. 2,

Contains a five room brick-built cottage, with verandah in front, with pantry and kitchen at the back, all brick-built, has a frontage to Moore-street, of twenty-nine feet four inches, by a depth of about one hundred and thirty-eight feet six inches; *this lot has a right of road jointly with Lot No. 3, of eleven feet wide, as per plan.*

Lot No. 3,

Contains two brick-built cottages, each three rooms, with other out-buildings, as per plan.

Lot No. 4,

Contains a substantial brick-built house, with eight rooms *(tenanted by the Government Contractor)*, with the following out-buildings, all brick-built,—two-stall stable and coach-house, bake-house and oven, cellar and pantry.

This lot possesses a frontage of about 39 feet 1 inch to Moore street, by a depth of 101 feet 9 inches, as per plan.

Lot No. 6,

Contains a Cottage of three rooms, weather-boarded; a Blacksmith's Shop, brick-built; and a Butcher's Shop, as per plan.

Lot No. 7,

A corner Allotment, with frontage to George and Moore streets, upon which is erected that well established Public House known as the "Cottage of Content," with stabling and other suitable buildings. This valuable portion of the property possesses a frontage to George-street of seventy-six feet, and to Moore-street ninety-six feet, as per plan.

N.B.—*A large Plan on view at the Office of the Auctioneer, 489, George-street, Sydney, will show at once the site and nature of the Buildings herein mentioned, and the income derivable in rents, which are payable weekly.*

Terms and Conditions will be declared at time of Sale. 6418

TWO COMPACT, SUBSTANTIALLY-BUILT VERANDAH COTTAGES, SITUATE FRONTING THE FLAG-STAFF, FORT PHILLIP, CITY OF SYDNEY.

MR. BLACKMAN has been favoured with instructions, to submit to public auction, at his Rooms, on

WEDNESDAY, the 21st INSTANT,

At Twelve o'clock precisely,

WITHOUT RESERVE.

TWO BRICK COTTAGES, with flagged verandahs, each containing two parlours, with kitchen on the ground floor, and bedroom above, with private side entrance to the yard, in the rear; they are well-built and most delightfully situated in the best part of FORT-STREET, fronting the FLAG-STAFF, FORT PHILLIP, and commanding splendid views of Saint Leonard's, on the North Shore, and the surrounding country, and are respectably tenanted at the very low rental of 10s. per week each.

Title a Grant from the Crown.

Terms and conditions at time of sale.

N.B.—Plan of the above on view at the Rooms of the Auctioneer. 6734

FURNITURE.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Lower George-street,

ON THURSDAY, 8th INSTANT,

At half-past Ten o'clock precisely,

Two bedsteads, 1 mattress, 2 tables, 6 chairs, 1 couch, 1 washstand, sets curtains, with a variety of other articles of furniture.

Terms at sale. 6745

ST. UBE'S SALT,

Ex "Penyard Park."

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at his Rooms,

On FRIDAY, the 9th INSTANT,

Ten tons St. Ube's Salt.

Terms at sale. 6749

WITHOUT RESERVE. TABLE AND BRACKET LAMPS, CHANDELIERS,

READING LAMPS, TEA TRAYS, AND CUTLERY.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 7.

MR. MORT will Sell by Public Auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

This Day, the 7th May,

At Eleven o'clock,

Two cases, consisting of—
Handsome bronze lacquered table lamps
Ormolu bracket lamps
Bout and hanging ditto
Sideboard, reading, and hall ditto
Handsome lustres, with cut glass drops
Elegant chandeliers, complete, six burners
Globes, cotton wicks, &c.
Tea and sandwich trays, assorted
Cutlery, a great variety
One very excellent hair trigger rifle
One pair silver mounted duelling pistols
One sextant, complete
One quadrant, ditto
One telescope.

Terms at sale. 6763

HORSE STOCK.

At the Cattle Market, 8th May.

MR. MORT will sell by public auction, at the Cattle Market,

TO-MORROW, 8th MAY,

At eleven o'clock,

The following choice Horse Stock,

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE:

Gypsy, a black mare, broken to saddle
Maggy, white mare, with bay filly foal, broken to saddle
Flora, chestnut mare, with chestnut filly foal, broken to saddle
Fanny, dark bay mare, with grey filly foal
Jenny Dean, bay mare, with chestnut horse foal, broken to saddle
Snuffy, bay mare, with horse foal, broken to saddle
Pilcher, grey mare, with grey filly foal, broken to saddle
Odair, dark bay mare, with bay horse foal, broken to saddle
Chestnut, chestnut mare, with roan horse foal
My Lady, bay mare, with bay foal, broken to saddle
Gypsy, bay colt, three white feet
Paddy, bay colt, with black points
Tinker, ditto, ditto
Spanker, red roan colt, black points
Native Dog, grey colt
Ginger, roan filly, hind foot white
Roan, roan filly, small star
Black, black filly, small star
Kate, dark grey filly, white face and feet
Red Roan, red roan filly, white face, three white feet
Bayley, bay filly, white face, three white feet
Bay, bay filly, three white feet, nose, and star
Beauty, bay filly, black points and star
Roan, red roan filly, grey forehead
Blackey, black filly, white face and hind foot
Young Gypsy, black filly, with white hind foot
Waterwitch, black filly, with white on nose
Kitty Jones, bay filly, black points, and star
Prince George, black horse, with star, and two white feet, broken to saddle and harness.

The sire of the above young stock is by a Cleveland coaching horse, out of a model mare, and bred by the Australian Agricultural Company.

Terms at sale. 6758

24 CHOICE MILCH COWS, ALL SPRINGERS.

At the Cattle Market, 8th MAY.

MR. MORT will sell by public auction, at the Cattle Market,

TO-MORROW, 8th MAY,

At 11 o'clock,

Without any reserve,

24 very choice Milch Cows, all springers, are perfectly quiet in every respect, and all broken in to bale.

Terms at sale. 6762

HARNESS HORSE.

(REPRESENTED AS A FIRST-RATE GIG HORSE AND TANDEM LEADER, AND WARRANTED SOUND.)

MR. MORT will sell by public auction,

AT THE CATTLE MARKET,

At twelve precisely

On THURSDAY, the 8th INST.,

An Iron-Grey Gelding, five years old, warranted sound and perfectly quiet, is represented as an excellent harness horse, and one of the best tandem leaders in the Colony.

Will be sold at twelve precisely. 6759

WHITE SERGE, HOSIERY, LOOKING-GLASSES, PALM-LEAF HATS, MOLESKIN TROUSERS, PLUSH WAISTCOATS, REGATTA SHIRTS, PORTABLE WRITING DESKS, &c.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place,

This Day, the 7th May,

At Eleven o'clock,

[Wednesday, 7th May, at Eleven.]

Two bales, containing ten pieces white serge, 120 yards each
One case, containing fifty dozen ladies' white cotton hose, open work
Five cases, containing 250 dozen ditto, plain
One case, containing forty-eight dozen looking-glasses, assorted sizes
One case, containing 300 dozen slide looking-glasses
Two cases palm-leaf hats
Three hundred pair moleskin trousers
One hundred plush sleeve waistcoats
One hundred dozen regatta shirts
Fifty portable writing desks.

Terms at sale. 6617

TO SHOPKEEPERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, on

THURSDAY, the 8th INSTANT,

At eleven o'clock,

[Thursday, 8th May, at 11 o'clock.]

The stock of a general warehouseman, retiring from business, and removed for the convenience of sale, consisting of—

Linen and cotton ticking, white calicoes, white moleskin trousers, assorted gambroon and cord trousers, prints, regatta, striped, and white shirts, plush and silk vests, duck frocks and trousers, counterpanes, shooting and dress coats, silk and cotton handkerchiefs, Merino and lambs wool shirts and drawers, blue jackets, braces, reel cottons, assorted colours, tapes, bobbing, &c; Manilla and palm leaf hats; laces, quillings, and figured net; beaver and glazed hats, Manila caps, &c.

ALSO,

A large assortment of fine-tooth ivory combs, best refined steel razors, in cases, scissors, combs, thimbles, needles, &c.

Terms at sale. 6736

SATINS, SILKS, CANTON CRAPES, RHUBARB, AND HOCK.

WITHOUT RESERVE—TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

[Wednesday, May 7, 11 o'clock.]

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place,

THIS DAY, the 7th MAY,

At eleven o'clock,

Four pieces rich black satin, thirty inches, eighteen yards each
Three pieces rich green satin, thirty inches, eighteen yards each
Six pieces rich blue satin, thirty inches, eighteen yards each
Five pieces rich black silk, thirty inches, eighteen yards each
Two pieces rich white Canton crapes
One case East India rhubarb
Two cases hock, six dozen each, of primest vintage.

Terms at sale. 6614

TIMOR PONIES, AND FOUR WHEELED VEHICLE, &c.

[Thursday, May 8th, at 11.]

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place,

ON THURSDAY, the 8th MAY,

At eleven o'clock,

Two first-rate Timor ponies
One four wheeled vehicle, with double harness
One saddle, two bridles, and one cart and harness.

Terms at sale. 6735

3000 SHEEP, 1200 HEAD CATTLE, 24 HORSES.

ESTATE OF BELLTREES, HUNTER RIVER; ESTATE OF UNDERBANK, WILLIAM RIVER; RED HOUSE INN, BEDLAM FERRY; COMMERCIAL HOTEL, WEST MAITLAND.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte place, on

THURSDAY, 15th MAY,

At Eleven o'clock.

[Thursday, 15th May, at Eleven o'clock.]

The following superior Stock, magnificent Estates, and money-making Premises:—

Lot. 1.

The well-known princely Estate of

BELLTREES

on the Hunter River, in the counties of Durham and Brisbane, containing

10,375 acres,

including the estates of Huntinglen, Robertsland, Allieston, Third Part, Abberfoil, Pinkey, and Belltrees proper.

With the House, Offices, Gardens, Stockyards, Out-stations, and Improvements; and commanding most extensive back runs for stock.

Lot 2.

The Estate of

UNDERBANK,

on the Upper William River, in the counties of Durham and Gloucester, containing

8,320 acres,

with the House, Offices, Barns, Stockyards, Vineyard, Cultivation and Cattle Paddocks, Out-stations, and other improvements. This estate commands extensive ranges and fertile valleys on both sides of the William River.

Lot 3.

1,208 HEAD OF CATTLE, of a very superior breed, and in excellent condition, including a large number of dairy Cows, viz:—

403 Cows
61 Bullocks
205 Heifers
312 Steers
13 Bulls, very superior
103 Male Calves
89 Female ditto
22 Working Bullocks

1208 Head, more or less.

As per muster of 1st January, 1845.

Lot 4.

TWENTY-FOUR HORSES, Viz.:

5 Horses
8 Mares
3 Colts, two years old
2 Fillies, ditto ditto
2 Colts } yearlings
3 Fillies } yearlings
1 Mule

24 Head, more or less.

As per muster on 1st January, 1845.

Lot 5.

The BARRINGTON STATION, on the River Barrington, in the Vale of Gloucester, County of Gloucester, being a section of 640 acres, with the Cottage, Huts, Hurdles, &c., and forming a very superior Sheep Station, commanding the whole Vale of Gloucester.

ALSO,

3,072 SHEEP, to be delivered at the station, viz.:—

1063 Ewes
1107 Wethers
890 Hoggets
12 Rams

3072 Head more or less,

being of a superior breed, and warranted sound and healthy.

Lot 6.

That well-known Public House at Bedlam Ferry, Five Dock, called

THE RED HOUSE,

with One Acre of Ground attached, and with or without

20 ACRES OF THE FIVE DOCK ESTATE,

adjoining, and commanding a large extent of water frontage.

To an enterprising person this would be a most advantageous purchase. The run of the Public House might be much increased by a tenant who would encourage games and amusements on the grounds, the Parramatta steamers affording facility of conveyance to and from Sydney.

Lot 7.

The COMMERCIAL TAVERN, or WOOLPACK INN,

at West Maitland, fronting the main street, and extending back to the Hunter River.

This property having always commanded a fair business, affords an excellent opportunity for an industrious man.

The description of the above properties being too long for an advertisement, reference is made as to the Title and description, for

Lots 1, 2, and 5, to R. J. Want, Esq., solicitor: Lots 6 and 7, to J. Norton, Esq., solicitor.

Terms at sale.

Mr. L. particularly draws the attention of parties looking out for valuable properties to this favourable opportunity. They are invited to inspect the different Estates, and convince themselves of their superiority, as he feels confident they will not find themselves disappointed. 5883

THOROUGH-BRED STALLION.

MESSRS. ARMSTRONG & SHARP will sell by auction, at Mr. Alexander's Yard, Pitt-street.

On THURSDAY, the 8th INSTANT,

(After the Sale of the Horses, Coaches, &c.,)

The thorough-bred horse COLONEL, by Emigrant, out of St. Winefred, an imported blood mare, by Tityrus, out of a Meteor mare—her dam Petrowna by Sir Peter, out of Georgiana by Sweetbriar.—*Vide Stud Book, vol. 3, page 240.*

The Colonel was bred by George M'Leay, Esq., is of a dark brown colour, and stands 15 hands 2 inches high.

Terms at sale. 6766

IN THE ESTATE OF W. HIRST AND CO.

(By order of the Assignees.)

VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY, CAPACIOUS WAREHOUSE AND BUSINESS PREMISES, IN QUEEN'S PLACE.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON is instructed to sell by auction, on the Premises, on

FRIDAY, 9th MAY,

At Twelve o'clock,

All that valuable Warehouse or Store, situated in Queen's-place, consisting of—
Ground-floor 30 x 18 with two offices ea. 12 x 11
First-floor 38 x 32
Second-floor 38 x 32
Third-ditto 32 x 28
Cellar (with two entrances) 30 x 18

And forming together first rate business premises, capable of storing *five hundred tons of Goods*: the situation is unexceptionable, being in the immediate vicinity of the

CIRCULAR WHARF AND CUSTOM HOUSE,

And otherwise most central. This opportunity is therefore a very favourable one for merchants, or others requiring such premises, or as a means of investment, equal to any property in the market.

Title unexceptionable.

Terms at Sale. 6744

TO BUTCHERS.

FAT BULLOCKS.

MR. ROBERTS will sell by public auction, at the Cattle Market,

ON FRIDAY,

At Noon,

Twenty-five fat bullocks, in lots to suit small butchers and others.

Terms, cash. 6729

THE "AGE" AND "TIMES" COACHES

20 Horses
4 Sets of four-horse Harness
3 Sets of pair-horse Harness
20 Sets of Horse Clothing
20 Head Collars.

MESSRS. ARMSTRONG and SHARP have received instructions from the proprietor, Mr. Lewis Alexander, to dispose of the above valuable property by public auction, at the proprietor's Yard, Pitt-street,

ON THURSDAY, the 8th MAY,

At Noon.

These are the only public conveyances that make the least approach to the English fast coaches, being, with their equipment, of the best London make, and the horses selected from above one hundred that have been tried for the express purpose of horsing these coaches in a first-rate style.

The horses are young and fresh, being from 4 to 6 years old; and have performed the distance from Sydney to Parramatta (15 miles, 1 chain, and 17 links) within an hour.

They are Greys, Bays, Browns, and Roans, and one Piebald (a very celebrated trotter).

The "Age" coach was built in London, has patent mail axles, extra bright bars, polished steel pole-chain and hook, lamps, 30 hour time-piece, leather box, apron, &c.

The "Times" coach is also London-built, with Collings's patent axles, bright pole-chains, bars and hooks, shifting hood to carry nine persons, boots, lamps, &c.

The harness is nearly new, and London-made. The whole got up in a first-rate manner, totally regardless of expense.

Mr. Alexander's determination to take the coaches off the road, is the reason of his now causing them to be sold, positively without reserve, for Cash.

To be viewed at the proprietor's yard one day before the sale. 6417

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE WET WEATHER THE SALE OF THE FARM AT APPIN,

BY

MR. RUDD, IS POSTPONED UNTIL

THIS DAY, MAY 7, AT 12 O'CLOCK 6482

IN THE ESTATE OF MR. R. JONES.

MR. J. LEDSAM will sell by auction, at Bolwara, near Maitland,

This Day, the 7th May,

The following Stock, Implements of Husbandry, Grain and Hay, &c.; sale to commence at 10 o'clock precisely,

44 Working bullocks
53 Milking cows
33 Heifers, of ages
37 Steers, of ages
38 Male and female calves (unbranded)
1 Well-bred bull
5 Working horses
9 Brood mares, 6 with foal, and all stinted to Mr. Nicholson's entire horse this season
3 Stock horses
2 Ditto ponies
2 Colts, two years and upwards
2 Ditto, one year and upwards
2 Fillies, ditto ditto ditto
2 Male } asses
2 Female } asses

The above stock are superior of their kind.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

1 Eight-horse power threshing machine, complete
2 Winnowing machines
1 Hay press
3 Waggons
3 Drays
2 Carts
1 Water ditto
1 Roller
1 Cornstalk drag
4 Iron ploughs
6 Wooden ditto
3 Pairs of harrows
Yokes, bows, and chains
Harness for several horses

GRAIN.

1 Stack of barley, English
2 Ditto of old oaten hay
1 Ditto of new ditto ditto
A quantity of unthreshed wheat

And a varity of things in use upon a farm

Terms, Cash on delivery, which must take place the day of sale, or the following day.

By order of the Trustees,

5948 ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

Sheriff's Office, Sydney, April 3.

Bloxsome v. Green.

ON WEDNESDAY, (this day), the 7th of May, at noon, at the London Tavern, Sydney, the Sheriff will cause to be sold by public auction, under and by virtue of the authority to him given by the Act of the Governor in Council, 5th Victoria, No. 9, all the right, title, interest, and estate of the above defendant, in and to the equity of redemption of all those five acres of land, situate in the county of Cumberland, parish of Willoughby, at Ball's Head Bay; commencing at the south-east corner of the reserve at Gore's Wharf; and bounded on the north by that reserve, being a line west eleven chains; on the west by a line south, four chains and twenty links; on the south by a line east, fourteen chains and fifty links, to Ball's Head Bay; and on the east by the water of that Bay to the reserve aforesaid: And also all that piece or parcel of land, situate in the parish of Willoughby, county of Cumberland, in the colony of New South Wales, containing by admeasurement six acres three roods, be the same more or less, allotment No. 24, near Ball's Head; bounded on the east by a line north, commencing at a stake situate at the edge of the waters of Lane Cove, seven chains forty links, dividing it from a measured portion of seven acres, and Government land; on the north by a line west, ten chains forty links, to the waters of Lane Cove; and on the south-west by the waters of Lane Cove: Unless this execution is previously satisfied.

CORNELIUS PROUT,

5304 Under Sheriff.

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